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OFFICE OF ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE (MANPOWER, RESERVE AFFAIRS AND LOGISTICS)





# USER GUIDE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE LOGISTICS DATA RESOURCE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (Dod Logdrms)

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#### DEFENSE LOGISTICS AGENCY

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DoD 4000.25-13-S4

**DLSSO** 

31 Jan 84

#### **FOREWORD**

DoD Directive 4000.25, Administration of Defense Logistics Standard Systems, establishes and defines the objectives of, and assigns responsibility for the Department of Defense Logistics Data Element Standardization and Management Program (DoD LOGDESMAP); establishes and defines basic principles and policies for the management of logistics data within the DoD; and authorizes publication of a LOGDESMAP Operating Manual.

The DoD Logistics Data Resource and Management System (LOGDRMS) was developed by the Defense Logistics Standard Systems Office (DLSSO) to support execution of the DoD LOGDESMAP and to provide a more effective vehicle for the meaningful standardization and management of data employed within the DoD logistics community.

The DoD LOGDRMS utilizes a shared IPL 4446 computer and Model 204 Data Base Management Software System developed by the Computer Corporation of America (CCA). Access to the system can be made from any terminal with dial-up capability permitting quick inquiry response.

To facilitate use of the system by participants in the Don LOGDESMAP, this user guide has been prepared.

BY ORDER OF THE DIRECTOR

Seoge a. WHITE COTONEL, USAF

Staff Director, Administration

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#### CHAPTER 1

#### GENERAL

#### 1-1 AUTHORITY

ASD(MRA&L)SS memorandum dated 18 May 1983; subject: Development and Use of Logistics Standard Data Elements, encourages the Military Services and DoD Agencies to participate in improved access to the DoD Logistics Data Resource Management System (DoD LOGDRMS) through online teleprocessing. This manual is published as an aid to those participants.

#### 1-2 PURPOSE

The User Guide provides the basic knowledge required to use the DoD LOGDRMS teleprocessing system.

#### 1-3 APPLICABILITY/SCOPE

The User Guide consists of three main chapters: General Operating Guidelines (chapters 2 and 3) and Functional Operations (Chapter 4). The latter section is divided into three parts: Data Base Inquiry, Data Base Maintenance, and Output Products.

#### 1-4 EFFECTIVE DATE

The User Guide is effective immediately upon publication.

#### 1-5 MAINTENANCE

The User Guide was developed in cooperation with the DLA Administrative Support Center Office of Telecommunications and Information Systems. It is maintained by the DoD LOGDESMAP Administrator. All recommendations for additions, deletions, and corrections should be addressed as follows: DoD LOGDESMAP Administrator, Defense Logistics Standard Systems Office, Hoffman II, Room 7569, 200 Stovall Street, Alexandria, VA 22332.

#### CHAPTER 2

# FOR TERMINAL HARDWARE

#### 2-1 TERMINAL HARDWARE

- a. The Teleprocessing System is a network of <u>terminal stations</u> connected to a computer. Users (e.g., LOGDRMS, TRIMIS, the Health Affairs Data Element Standardization Working Group, etc.) operate the terminal stations to send data to the computer. Outputs are in turn sent to the user via the same terminal station.
  - b. There are four kinds of stations:
    - (1) Hard-wired full-capability stations
    - (2) Hard-wired nonprinting stations
    - (3) Dial-up full-capability stations
    - (4) Dial-up nonprinting stations
- c. The dial-up full-capability station consists of four pieces of hardware, an acoustic-coupler, a telephone, a Cathode Ray Tube (with keyboard), and a low-speed printer. The hard-wired full-capability station consists of a Cathode Ray Tube (with keyboard), and does not include a low-speed printer. Aside from that, they are the same.

#### 2-2 ACOUSTIC-COUPLER AND TELEPHONE

- a. The acoustic-coupler ("coupler") is a device which converts electronic signals from one form to another and permits the normal telephone to be used as a data communication device. The most noticeable feature of the coupler is the two round cradles in the top.
  - b. Connection is made with the computer via the telephone.

The steps to do so are as follows:

- (1) Lift the telephone receiver and get a dial tone.
- (2) Place the telephone snugly in the coupler cradle, the mouthpiece in the indicated cradle.

- (3) Turn on the Acoustic-Coupler (if off).
- (4) Dial the computer's number (furnished by the LOGDESMAP Administrator).
- (5) After five or so seconds, the "on" light on the coupler will light up.
- c. If, after a reasonable time, the light is still off, hang up the phone and redo the procedure. If the light is still off, call the Data Base Administrator for your program/project.
- d. After connection i.e., the coupler light is  $\underline{on}$  the user is ready to LOGIN.

#### 2-3 THE CATHODE RAY TUBE (CRT)

- a. CRTs used in the Teleprocessing System are of the "send or receive" type. This is called the "half-duplex" type. They can transmit or receive messages. None of the other machines in the terminal station can send messages, and the low-speed printer only receives messages that have first been processed by the CRT. Thus, the CRT is the user's only way to communicate with the computer.
- b. Messages both those to be sent and those received are printed on the CRT screen. The screen can hold 24 eighty character lines, but each line is a separate message. The user has no direct control over the content of incoming messages. These are composed by programs running in the computer, and may be either "system messages" or "functional program messages". Some messages of either type require a user response and some do not. (Normally, the message itself will reveal whether a response is required, but this is not always the case.) In any event, the user may not send a message until the system is ready to receive it. Some CRTs include a device which buzzes when the system is ready. Others are ready when the cursor is at the beginning of the next line. (The cursor is a lighted marker that appears on the screen and shows the position at which the next sent or received character will be printed.)

#### 2-4 SENDING MESSAGES

a. Each user message consists of two parts: the message proper and a transmit or Carriage Return (CR) signal. The message:

#### OPEN FILE

must be followed by an enter or a carriage return which indicates "end of message". (See paragraph 2-6 for exceptions to this rule.)

The enter or carriage return "tells" the CRT to send the message proper to the computer. Before pushing the enter or CR key, the user may edit the message proper. In this system, two edit functions can be used, the character delete ("@", or "shift, P") and the line delete ("#", or "shift, 3"). The character delete cancels the last character keyed in. Two or more character deletes cancel the same number of characters moving right-to-left in the message proper. For example, the three following messages:

OPEN POFILE
OPEN FITEOOLE
OPNEOOEN FLIEOOOIEOLE

would be sent as OPEN FILE.

The line delete character cancels all characters to the left of it.

OPRN FILE# OPEN FILE

will be sent as:

OPEN FILE

The line delete (#) and character delete (0) may be used in the same message, e.g.:

ORE@@PEN PR@@TI#OPEN FR@ILE

#### 2-5 MESSAGE "ECHO"

a. Messages sent to the computer are normally (in this system) "echoed" to the user. Upon receiving a message, the computer sends the same message back to the user:

OPEN FILE (message)
OPEN FILE (echo)

This permits the user to resolve problems that may have been caused by garbled transmission. The message sequence:

OPEN FILE
\*\*\* BAD LINE---IGNORED

might confuse the user, but with the echo included:

OPEN FILE
OP#N FIL!
\*\*\* BAD LINE---IGNORED

the problem is obvious. The computer did not receive the message correctly. The echo also highlights the user's own errors.

- b. The echo can serve another purpose. Sometimes when messages are delayed for a long time one or two minutes they may be lost. If after a minute or so the echo has not been received, depress the enter or CR key one time. If the cursor then moves to the next line without echoing the delayed message, send the message again. It was lost. If nothing happens when enter or CR is keyed, wait 30 seconds and try again. If this is repeated five times with no results, call the Data Base Administrator.
- c. Sometimes the user may LOGIN to a telephone line which does not echo his messages. The user can bring about normal echoing by sending the following messages:

QQ LECHO=1 (Enter or CR)

The system will respond with the message:

X'01' LECHO LINE ECHO

After this, normal echo will be in effect.

#### 2-6 "CONTINUED" MESSAGES

a. In paragraph 2-4 it was said that the Enter or CR showed "end of message". That statement is true but only when "message" refers to the "physical" message. Some logical messages - those required by functional programs - may be too long for one message. This problem is overcome by ending the first part of the message proper with a hyphen. The messages:

NOW IS THE TIME FOR ALL GOOD - (Enter or CR) (ECHO)
MEN TO COME TO THE AID OF THEIR - (Enter or CR) (ECHO)
COUNTRY. (Enter or CR) (ECHO)

will be processed as one logical message. This restricts the use of the hyphen. It can never appear last in a message unless continuation is intended.

#### 2-7 CRT "PAGE" FORMAT

a. As mentioned, the CRT screen contains no more than 24 lines of message. Later we will see that the low-speed printer is not

restricted to a given number of lines per page. Because, however, every page printed must also be displayed on the screen, CRT "page" size may often be larger than will fit on the screen. Normally, output to the CRT halts when end-of-page is reached to permit the user to read the page before proceeding to the next. (This halt is referred to as a logical "pause" and is explained in paragraph 2-8.) If page size has been set to some longer length, lines will "go off" the top of the screen before this halt occurs.

b. However, the system permits the user to adjust screen size. The following message will adjust screen size to 24 lines:

QQOUTLPP=22, PGSEP=1, HDRCTL=3 (Enter or CR)

The system will respond with messages like the one following the echo change described in paragraph 2-6. The contents of this message mean the following:

"QQ" tells the system that this message requires a change to parameters.

"OTLPP=22" means, "change the <u>Output Lines Per Page</u> parameter to 22".

"," means, "another parameter change follows" - the comma may be followed and preceded by any number of spaces.

"PGSEP=1" means, "change the parameter that controls the number of blank lines between pages to 1".

"HDRCTL=3" means, "change the Header Control parameter so that the default header line will not print". (There are many system parameters. Only those affecting the user are explained in the User Guide.)

#### 2-8 LOGICAL "PAUSE"

Normally, output to the CRT will halt when the screen is full. This halt permits the user to do several things. One, he can read the page (the screen) for as long as he wishes. When done reading he may push the Enter or CR button and output will resume. Two, he can cancel all further output by sending the message:

C (Enter or CR).

Three, he can cause all further output to be displayed or printed without further halts by sending the message:

F (Enter or CR).

NOTE: The "C" and "F" messages must not be edited. The message:

Q#C (Enter or CR)

will not cancel remaining output. Nor will:

P@F (Enter or CR)

cause all output to be sent without halts.

#### 2-9 "\*CANCEL" MESSAGE

a. From time to time the user may want to "escape" from a program but has no means to do so. For example, the user may be running a program which updates records. The message:

#### \$\$KEYIN

is printed on the screen. (Note: The "\$\$" prefix means the user must respond.) If the user sends a message and it is rejected by the program, e.g.:

## INVALID CODE. TRY AGAIN. \$\$KEYIN

the user would be trapped unless he could think up a valid response. But "\*CANCEL" permits the user to escape from this and similar traps. When the user responds to the:

\$\$KEYIN

message with:

\*CANCEL (Enter or CR)

the program stops.

b. As useful as "\*CANCEL" seems, it should be used only when necessary. Because the program stops immediately, certain work the user thought he had done, might not have been completed. Some update programs hold groups of input data until all input has been received. If input is stopped by a "\*CANCEL", previous input may be lost. When the user is in doubt, he should contact the Data Base Manager for guidance. (This is a rule in all problem situations.)

#### 2-10 THE LOW-SPEED PRINTER

- a. "ome terminal stations are equipped with low-speed printers. Even w'en this is the case, the user does not have to turn it on. When formatted reports are the output, he probably will use the printer so that a copy of the report can be obtained. If the messages being sent and received, though unformatted, are such that a record would be nice to have, the printer may also be used.
- b. Some printers are equipped with buzzers which signal the user that the system is waiting on him. (This was mentioned in paragraph 2-3 as a feature included in some CRTs.) The buzzer function is nice to have, especially on those days when the computer response to send messages is slow. When the terminal station is located in a crowded office, however, buzzer use will be minimal as the buzzers are quite loud.
- c. Turning on the terminal printer will not be explained here. There are too many kinds of printers. The manual supplied with the printer should be enough. One point must be noted: NEVER turn the printer power switch to OFF while connected to the Tele-processing System. The computer operating system will disconnect the user as soon as he sends the next message. However, the printer may be turned ON after connection.

#### 2-11 PAPER ALIGNMENT

- a. When formatted reports are to be printed, it is important that the paper be properly positioned in the printer. To give the user a chance to do this, all programs producing such outputs PAUSE before commencing the printout. The sequence of events is as follows:
  - (1) A message is sent telling the user to align the paper.
- (2) The program continues with a New Page command. This is not seen by the user, but is a signal to the printer to advance the "top" of the next page.
- (3) The user then pushes the printer's LINE ADVANCE key until the paper is positioned on the platen 3 lines down from the top of the page. This may require an advance of more than three lines. The printer advanced only to what it "thought" was the top of the page.
- (4) The user pushes the Enter or CR key, and the printout begins.

#### CHAPTER 3

#### LOGIN/LOGOUT PROCEDURES

#### 3-1 LOGIN PROCEDURES

- a. The following series of steps is required to LOGIN:
- (1) Turn on all power switches for equipment that you will be using (acoustic coupler, CRT and Printer\*).
  \*Printer is optional depending on the type of work to be done.
- (2) Pick up the telephone dial 9, wait for outside line (dialtone).
- (3) Dial computer. If the computer is not working, it will just keep ringing and you will not hear a loud tone. If this should happen, dial for a status recording. This recording will tell you the time the system went down, the reason, and the time service is expected to be restored. A log <u>must</u> be kept of all abnormal terminations on the computer.
- (4) Place receiver in acoustic coupler as designated, as soon as you hear the loud tone.
  - (5) Wait for the green carrier light to come on.
  - (6) Hit a carriage return (CR) on the machine.
- (7) Hit DB carriage return (there are 3 possible replies that you will receive at this point).
- (a) If everything was entered correctly, the machine will reply with:

### Ready-to IBM Model 204

(b) If something was entered incorrectly, for example BD instead of DB, the machine will reply:

#### Invalid SW Chars

If this happens, try again, being careful that you are entering the correct data in the proper order.

(c) If the Data Base is not available for normal operation, the machine will reply:

#### Nonaval

This means the Data Base is not functioning for some reason (hardware problems, software problems, disc problems etc...). Call your data base administrator for a status, enter in log the time down and the reason, and try again at the time indicated to you on the recording.

(8) If the message was:

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the next step is to type LOGIN.

(9) Machine will ask for the password.

If machine should ask for the password again, try re-entering making sure the spelling is correct and that you are using the proper password.

- (10) The machine will echo your login and print LOGIN, the year, month, date, and time.
  - (11) In order to open the Data Base type in: OPEN \_\_\_\_.
  - (12) The machine will ask for the password.
  - (13) The machine will then reply:

FILE OPENED

\*The user is now ready to begin by typing the segment he wishes to use.

#### 3-2 LOGOUT PROCEDURES

- a. The following series of steps is required to LOGOUT:
  - (1) Type LOGOUT
- (2) Machine will then echo $\star$  your logout and print LOGOUT, the year, month, date, and time.
- (3) Hang up the receiver (there will still be a loud tone, hang up anyway).

(4) Turn off all power switches.

\* Do Not hang up the receiver before receiving the logout message (step  $\frac{1}{42}$ ).

#### CHAPTER 4

#### FUNCTIONAL OPERATIONS

#### 4-1 DOD LOGISTICS DATA RESOURCE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (LOGDRMS)

#### a. Configuration

- (1) The DoD LOGDRMS is an online interactive data base system employing an IPL 4446 computer, CCA Model 204 Software, and application programs written in Model 204 user language.
- (2) Online interactive capabilities are provided through availability and use of data terminals with direct access to the data bank.
- (3) Two types of terminals are utilized: (a) hard wired to the central site; and (b) with dial-up (acoustic coupling) connection using conventional telephone lines.
- (4) Cathode ray tube (CRT) display is provided with each terminal.
- (5) Printers are employed for hard copy printouts as required. However, it should be noted that the use of printers is limited, i.e., not one for each terminal.
- (6) Access to the central site requires the use of LOGIN procedures including the use of passwords. Such passwords are the means for controlling unauthorized access to and change of records.
- (7) A variety of edits and validation checks are included in the interactive communication between data terminal and the central data bank to assure compliance with established procedures and to prevent entry of invalid data or sets of data.
- (8) The system also provides online linkage with the DLA Administrative Terminal System (ATS) which includes the capability for receiving machine sensible collection cards; etc., and storing same on disk. The communication linkage between the LOGDESMAP intelligent terminal and the ATS disk storage allows LOGDESMAP personnel to retrieve records, work on such records and enter information into the LOGDESMAP data bank. The availability of the ATS also permits conversion of incoming magnetic tape data to LOGDESMAP formats and batch processing update of the data bank at the computer site.

#### b. Data bank content:

- (1) Application Programs written in Model 204 user language. Direct online update of programs can be accomplished without separate work orders and time allocation on the computer main frame. Predetermined maintenance update programs (segments) are stored in the data base. Additionally, the system permits a range of ad hoc (user developed) routines.
- (2) <u>Tables</u> including lookup meaning of codes and abbreviations used in recording or displaying data base information. The tables are employed (a) in validating update entries both individually and in selected combinations as well as (b) for displaying or printing out in-the-clear expressions of coded data.
- (3) Physical Records including the individual pieces of data which apply to one or more logical records. All individual physical records are indexed to their applicable records.
- (4) <u>Indexes</u> A comprehensive network of indexes of various physical records or portions thereof is maintaine, internally as a proprietary portion of the Model 204 Software Package. It is these indexes which internally provide the basis for mapping (locating), and relating required physical records, table lookup, and/or programs so as to make them available for processing.

#### c. Functional Organization

- (1)  $\underline{\text{Maintenance Update}}$  The addition, deletion, or change of recorded information in the LOGDESMAP data bank including the following program segments:
  - (a) I 10 Complete deletion of a logical record.
- (b) I 34 Text editing change of selected logical record data field content.
  - (c) I 41 Addition of new records.
- (d) I 50 Conventional change of any or all selected logical record data field content.
- (e) I 65 Descriptorizing of official and synonymous names.
  - (f) I 70 Addition, deletion or change of Table Records.
- $\mbox{\ensuremath{(g)}}$  I 120 Selective change of System Control Designation field content.

- (h) I 127 Labeling of records for descriptorizing of official and synonymous names.
- (i) I 139 Selective change of System Control Designation.
  - (j) Ad Hoc Program segments as required.
- (2) Query Interrogation of the LOGDESMAP 3 bank for retrieval and display of requested information incl. the following segments:
- (a) I 101 Lookup meaning of Reference Source Document  $\stackrel{\scriptscriptstyle >}{\scriptscriptstyle \sim}$  tion Codes.
- (b) I 105 In the clear display of logical record(s) with recorded relationships.
- (c) I 125 In the clear display of logical record(s) without recorded relationships.
- (d) I 130 Print all information for logical record(s) (data as recorded or literal) in sequence as entered.
- (e) I 132 Ad Hoc Query (user prescribes search strategy, sort sequence, and print specification including labels, if any).
- (f) I 138 Ad Hoc Query (user prescribes search strategy and print specification including labels, if any).
- (g) I 140 Table Printout (user prescribes specification of tables to be displayed).
- (h) Ad Hoc Segments Program segments developed by user to meet novel requirements.
- (3) Reports Outputs in predetermined formats reflecting preselected data including the following segments:
  - (a) I 351 Emulation of DoD 5000.12-M.
- (b) I COMP-2 Emulation of DoD 5000.12-M with selective criteria.
- (c) I FORMAT-1 Card/Record formats with data fields/blocks.
- (d) I LISTING-XX Forms, Formats, or Reports with data fields/blocks.

- (4) Batch Processing Provides for the extraction of selected records from the data base and the recording of such records on magnetic tape for processing necessary to produce required publications. Also, it includes efforts related to conversion of magnetic tape or punch card data and batch processing update of the LOGDESMAP Data Bank employing the converted data.
- (5) A further discussion of the segments is contained in appendix A of this guide.

## 4-2 DATA CONTENT OF THE DOD LOGISTICS DATA RESOURCE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (LOGDRMS)

#### a. <u>Data Organization</u>

The DoD LOGDRMS is designed to accommodate a compendium of physical records linked together through internal system indexing to portray logical records. Logical records are organized as follows:

- (1) <u>Data Bases</u> One for each DoD Component supplemented by single data bases for:
  - (a) Other U.S. Federal Government Agencies.
  - (b) Federal Interagency Groups/Committees.
  - (c) Non-Government Organizations.
  - (d) State/Local Government Organizations.
  - (e) International Government Organizations.
  - (f) Internal DoD LOGDESMAP requirements.
- (2) <u>Sectors</u> Within each data base, logical records are organized by sectors. Sectors provide the basis for grouping of like logical records. Such groupings are key to establishing required relationships between records. Sectors are assigned to management entities (i.e., those subdivisions of organized efforts which are collectively configured as a management structure) including:
  - (a) Organization
  - (b) Functions
  - (c) Subject Matter

- (d) Issuances/Publications
- (e) Management Plans/Programs/Studies
- (f) Management Systems
- (g) Management Subsystems
- (h) Management Operations/Procedures
- (i) Automated Data Processing Systems
- (j) Automated Data Systems (Applications/Processes)
- (k) Automated Programs
- (1) Data Files/Bases
- (m) Records/Segments
- (n) Formats
- (o) Forms
- (p) Documents (Input Transaction)
- (q) Reports (Output)
- (r) Data Fields/Blocks
- (s) Data Use Identifiers
- (t) Data Chains
- (u) Other Multiple Data Element Representations
- (v) Data Element Categories
- \_(w) Data Elements
- (x) Data Items
- (y) Terms
- (z) Abbreviations
- (3) Attributes. Each logical record includes attribute information concerning its subject as identified by its data base and

sector, e.g., Army Data Use Identifiers, Navy Data Elements, Air Force Data Chains, etc. These attributes are organized in eight groupings (sections) as follows:

- (a) Record Identification Attributes including identification of the data base, the sector, proponent organization, reference document, document subdivision, if any, and the date of the latest record change together with a unique computer assigned record identification code (RIC).
- (b) <u>Identification Attributes</u> such as official names, mnemonic abbreviation or initialism, reference designation, synonymous names, standardization status information, subject matter, functional and organizational scope, version data, definition, preparing activity, and remarks.
- (c) <u>Representation Attributes</u> such as type of representation, length in characters, type of characters, recording mode, COBOL picture, signed value indicator, precision, scale, etc.
- (d) <u>Location Attributes</u> such as device type, organization of storage, access method, addressing algorithm, activity address, block size, storage physical sequence, directory aliases, etc.

#### (e) Relationship Attributes including:

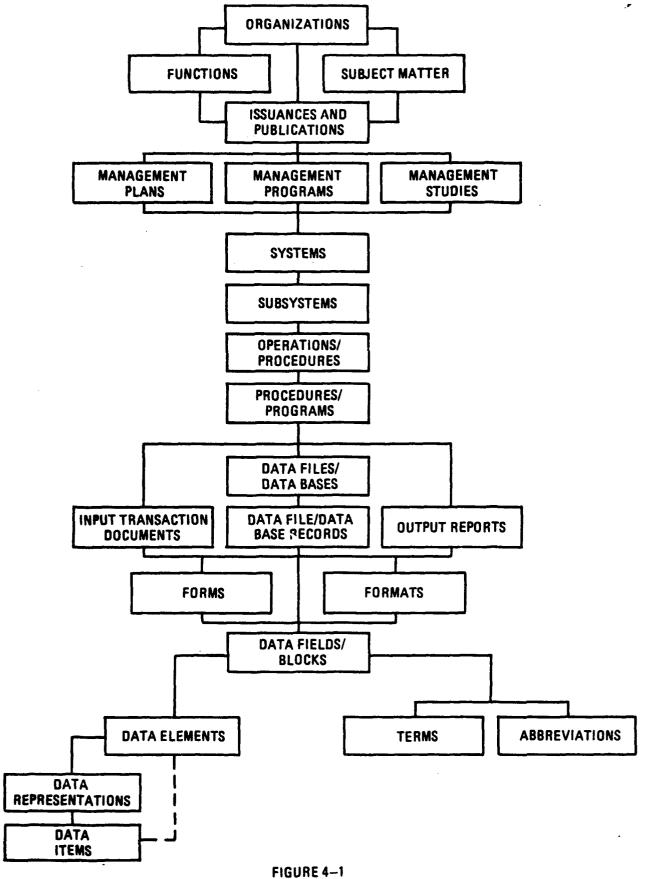
- (1) <u>Logical Structure</u> Pointer to the component subdivision records which relate to the subject record.
- (2) Membership Pointer to the next higher sector logical record under which the subject record is a member.
- (3) <u>Interaction</u> Pointer to a related record at an equal hierarchical (sector) level.
- (f) <u>Organization Attributes</u> such as expected occurrences, growth factor, frequency of use, overflow, priority and statistics.
  - (g) <u>Security Attributes</u> Including those relating to:
    - (1) Security of the system
    - (2) Security of the data content
    - (3) Access Authority

bility.

- (4) Data source, update and definition responsi-
- (5) Privacy Considerations
- (6) Freedom of Information Consideration
- (h) <u>Cost Attributes</u> Include such information as development, design, production, overhead, maintenance, distribution, communications, retrieval and support costs to the extent such data are available.

#### b. Use of the DoD LOGDRMS as the DoD LOGDESMAP Data Bank

- (1) The development and design of the DoD LOGDRMS provides a basic means for effecting the management of data and information as a resource.
- (2) The use of the DoD LOGDRMS under the DoD LOGDESMAP emphasizes the identity of data elements and their related features and the description of their data representation attributes. It additionally provides a means for relating the identified elements and features to those management entities under which they are a member or those entities into which they break down. The LOGDRMS further provides available information concerning related management entities (see figure 4.1).
- (3) Users of the DoD LOGDRMS must be aware that the total range of attributes used within the system are intended to cover all management entities recorded in the data bank. Only a limited number of attributes apply universally to all management entities resident in the data bank. The applicability of attributes to management entities (sectors) is reflected in Attachment 7 of appendix A of this guide.



#### APPENDIX A

# INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE USE OF THE DOD LOGDESMAP DATA BANK CONTENTS

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#### APPENDIX A

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE USE OF THE DOD LOGDRMS

#### A-1. GENERAL INFORMATION

#### a. DoD Logistics Data Resource Management System (LOGDRMS):

The automated system employed by the DoD LOGDESMAP for accomplishing its assigned mission responsibility for developing and maintaining an automated data bank containing recorded data element documentation pertaining to the major DoD logistics data systems is identified as the DoD Logistics Data Resource Management System (DoD LOGDRMS). The LOGDRMS provides for online interactive query and maintenance update of the DoD LOGDESMAP data bank using data terminal linkage.

#### b. Purpose

This appendix is intended to provide procedural guidance and instructions to designated organizations participating in the DoD LOGDESMAP on the use of the DoD Logistics Data Resource Management System (LOGDRMS).

#### c. Applicability

The contents of this appendix are intended solely for use of participating DoD Component organizations specifically authorized by the ASD(MRA&L) to employ the online interactive system capability for querying or maintaining the data content of the DoD LOGDRMS.

#### d. DoD LOGDRMS Security Precautions

- (1) A number of precautionary measures are incorporated into the LOGDRMS system design to ensure against unauthorized access to and/or update of the data bank contents including:
- (a) Control over the assignment of telephone numbers used for dial-up connection with the data bank.
- (b) Logging in procedures requiring the entry of a valid account code, passwords, file designations and segment codes.
- (c) Specific edit and validation procedures included in program segments which preclude the entry of invalid data or combinations thereof.

- (2) Inability to comply with these precautions will prevent an unauthorized user from gaining access to the system or prevent anauthorized user from performing nonauthorized query or update of the data bank.
- (3) Specific instructions are issued to each new user of the LOGDRMS concerning these security precautions at the time of authorization by the ASD(MRA&L).
- (4) Changes in telephone numbers, passwords and internal controls are effective on a scheduled basis to further ensure system security. Authorized users will be advised in advance of the effective date of all such changes.
- (5) A system of checkpoints is provided to assure a capability for recovery of update data in those instances of computer hardware, software or telecommunications failure.
- (6) In the event of major failure of the computer facility supporting the LOGDRMS for 24 hours or more, a backup facility will be provided. Instructions governing the use of backup facilities are also provided to new LOGDRMS users.
- (7) Because the LOGDRMS is available only during specified working hours and in consideration of the workload imposed on the supporting computer facility, authorized users will be constrained to use of the system during specific hours of the day.

#### c. Online Interactive Processing

- (1) The <u>online</u> feature of LOGDRMS provides for direct linkage of a data terminal with the computer.
- (2) The interactive feature of the system provides for conversation between the individual at the data terminal and the computer with the computer response(s) displayed on a cathode ray tube (CRT) and, if required, printed. After an initial input by the individual at the keyboard of the data terminal, the computer responds with a prompt question to be answered by input via the data terminal. Each answer elicits a new prompted question until the definition of what is required is completed, at which time the computer displays the required information and/or indicates completion of the job.

#### f. Search Strategy

A critical element of all query and maintenance update program segments requires the individual at the data terminal to input

search strategy. This is accomplished by specifying the field designations and their respective values which form the basis for retrieving the desired logical records so that they may be displayed or updated. Searches may be conducted as combinations of field designations and values with "and" or "or" connecting the combinations. Additionally, values may be expressed negatively to indicate a search for records which do not have the specified value for a given field. For example, search strategy AO210=A and AO220=NOT D and (Al101=MAINTENANCE OR REPAIR) would retrieve all records found in data base A (Army) not coded D (Issuances/Publications) in the Data Base Sector with official names which include the keyword descriptor (MAINTENANCE OR REPAIR). A comprehensive explanation of the LOGDRMS Data FIELDS is contained in Attachments E and F of this appendix.

#### g. Relationships

LOGDRMS provides three methods of demonstrating relationships between logical records. These include:

- (1) "Membership" which relates a record to one or more records for entities under which it is a component member, e.g., a data element record related to the record of a data chain of which it is a component element.
- (2) "Logical Structure" which relates a record to records of entities which themselves are component members of the subject record, e.g., an element record related to the records of the data items under the data element.
- (3) "Interaction" which relates a record in one configuration to a record at equal hierarchical level in a different configuration, e.g., a record for a process within one automated data system of a given DoD Component which is associated with a process within a different automated data system of a different DoD Component.

#### A-2. QUERY INSTRUCTIONS

#### a. Query Segments

Those interrogations which are preplanned and procedurally defined in program segments are identified as query segments. The interactive question posed to the interrogator by the computer include search strategy, sort key (when applicable) and print specification (when applicable). When valid responses to these prompt questions are entered, the computer will retrieve and display the required information. Certain query segments include preprogrammed definition of sort key and/or print specifications while others are more generic and permit the user to prescribe required sort sequence

and/or print specification on an ad hoc basis. An index of available, query segments is contained in Attachment 1 of this appendix. Specific instructions for each query segment are contained in Attachment 2 of this appendix.

#### b. Query Requests

Those interrogations which are not preplanned and not documented in existing program segments are identified as query requests. These require development and input through the data terminal of a programming routine written in CCA Model 204 User Language. The use of query requests is restricted to the DoD LOGDESMAP Administrator.

#### A-3. MAINTENANCE UPDATE INSTRUCTIONS

#### a. Maintenance Update Segments

Those maintenance update actions (i.e., Add, Delete, Change) which are preplanned and procedurally defined in program segments are identified as maintenance update segments. The interactive questions posed by the computer to the updater include search strategy and identification of the records and/or data field content to be updated. When valid responses are entered, the computer executes the update action and generally inquires if more update is required. An index of available maintenance update segments is contained in Attachment 3 of this appendix. Specific instructions for maintenance update segments are contained in Attachment 4 of this appendix.

#### b. Maintenance Update Requests

Those maintenance update actions which are not preplanned and not documented in existing program segments are identified as maintenance update requests. These require the development and input through the data terminal of a programming routine written in CCA Model 204 User Language. The use of maintenance update requests is restricted to the DoD LOGDESMAP Administrator.

#### A-4. REPORT PRODUCTION INSTRUCTIONS

#### Report Producing Segments

Those interrogations which provide an output in a <u>Preplanned</u> Report format are identified as report segments. The interactive questions posed by the computer to the interrogator include a predefined search strategy which will provide a specific formatted report type output. The computer will execute the request and generate

the requested report. An index of report producing segments is contained in Attachment 5 of the appendix. Specific instructions for report producing segments are contained in Attachment 6 of this appendix.

#### A-5. RUNNING FUNCTIONAL PROGRAMS (SEGMENTS)

#### **Program Execution**

Work that has functional meaning can only be done by running a program. If the user has been trained to do so (and if his pass-word permits it), he may write his own program at the terminal. But for the most part, user will do work by running programs (called "procedures" or "segments") stored in the computer.

Let's assume the user has the number of a program he wishes to run, say 100. He may run it by sending the message

#### INCLUDE 100

This message may be shortened to

#### I 100

The word "INCLUDE" means "execute" or "run" or "do" or any other term the user may choose. The result is the same; program 100 will start. What to do next differs from program to program.

#### A-6. SYSTEM MESSAGE

The user may have inferred that there are two kinds of programs working for him in the Teleprocessing System. It has been stated that "work that has a functional meaning can only be done by running a program". But to run, say, an update program, the user must already have LOGGED IN. Another type of program -- called here, a system program -- was running during the LOGIN procedure. In fact, that program is always running when the Teleprocessing System is "up". Almost everything that is done for the user is done by the system program. The "functional programs" really do nothing but arrange computer tasks in a logical order and task-by-task, "ask" the system program to do the work.

The user may ask the system program directly without going through the functional program. LOGIN, LOGOUT, the "QQ" commands -- these were direct requests to the system program. So was "I 100". In doing this work for all users of the system, the system program often finds it necessary to communicate with the user. "\*\*\*PASSWORD" was one such communication.

Nearly all messages sent by the system program begin with three \_\_ asterisks, "\*\*\*". These messages take priority over any messages which may have been sent by functional programs. Some of these messages require a response; some do not. The message:

#### \*\*\* FILE OPENED

does not require a response. In other words, the user's options are not limited by the message. On the other hand, the message:

#### \*\*\* 1 LONG REQUEST

#### \*\*\* DO YOU REALLY WANT TO CONTINUE?

must be answered. Any answer other than "Y" or "N" will be rejected thusly:

#### \*\*\* PLEASE ANSWER "Y" OR "N"

If the user answers "Y", the program being executed will continue. If he answers "N", the system will then stop what it was doing. Most system messages are self-explanatory. The average user will receive very few. When speed with a problem produced by an unfamiliar system message, the user should contact the Data Base Administrator.

#### A-7. FUNCTIONAL PROGRAM MESSAGES

Functional programs are doing work with the user's data -- which is either stored in the data base or is furnished by the user via "sent" messages. Because this work is tailored to unique needs, unique messages are required. These are produced by the functional programs. While their format must conform to the rules of the system program, their contents are controlled by the Data Base Administrator.

To increase understanding of functional program messages, standards have been adapted for use in all programs written by the Data Base Administrator.

#### a. Functional Messages Requiring Response

Like system messages, some functional messages require response, some do not. Telling the difference, however, is easier with functional messages. Messages that begin with "??" or "\$\$" require response. All others do not. Most of the functional messages will be of the "\$\$" kind which is good because they are much easier to reply to than "??" messages. The following paragraphs will discuss these two types of functional messages.

#### (1) "\$\$" Messages

A "\$\$" message is a request made to the user by the functional program. It is asking for data the program needs before it can proceed. For instance, the message:

#### \$\$ MORE RECORDS TO CHANGE?

must be answered before the program can take its next step. A "Y" answer would cause the program (in most cases) to branch to the start, getting ready to change another record. If a negative response is made, (anything other than "Y") the program will do something else. The message:

#### \$\$ JULIAN DATE (YYDD)

asks the user to respond with a julian date, usually today's date. This and like messages provide data to the program that it will use in doing tasks. Most functional messages are self-explanatory. Those that are not clearly obvious are explained in \*\*\*\*.

#### (2) <u>"??" Messages</u>

For all procedures written for the data base, "??" messages are used for only one reason: to tell the user to name a set of records. The typical "??" message is:

#### ?? KEYIN.SEARCH.STRATEGY

The response to this message must be in a controlled format; the response becomes a line of coding in a functional program and thus must conform to the rules of the programming language: By restricting the "??" message to search strategies, those rules are simplified; but they are still not easy. The "??" message given above is only a part of a line of program code. The full line reads (e.g.):

## 5 FIND ALL RECORDS FOR WHICH ?? KEYIN.SEARCH.STRATEGY

The statement number ("5") may vary among programs, as may the wording to the right of the "??". "FIND ALL RECORDS FOR WHICH", however, is the fixed wording. The "??" message, "KEYIN.SEARCH.STRATEGY" is sent to the user before the program begins to run. The response from the user is inserted character-by-character into the statement.

Let's say the response is:

NAME=DR. SCHOLL AND PROFESSION=HIKER (Enter or CR)

Statement 5 of the program would then read:

5 FIND ALL RECORDS FOR WHICH NAME=DR. SCHOLL AND PROFESSION=HIKER

This is a valid "find" statement. When run by the system program, it will make all records named by it available to the functional program of which statement 5 is a part.

If the wording of the user's response is wrong, the program will not run. One or more error messages will be received, the last being:

\*\*\* COMPILATION ERRORS

and the user will have to try again.

The basic format of a search clause is:

#### FIELDNAME (BOOLEAN OPERATOR) VALUE

In the statement "NAME=DR. SCHOLL", the three parts are:

```
(Fieldname) - - - - "NAME"

(Boolean Operator) - - "="

(Value) - - - - - "DR. SCHOLL"
```

Fieldname must be a KEY field, as described in the Data Base Dictionary for the System.

Boolean Operator may be either "=" or "=NOT".

Value may be anything except spaces.

Spaces between parts are optional and any number of spaces may be used. (Except at least one space must follow "NOT".) Thus:

NAME = DR. SCHOLL, NAME = DR. SCHOLL, NAME = DR. SCHOLL, and NAME = DR. SCHOLL

are synonymous, but:

NAME = DR. SC HOLL

is not the same as "NAME=DR. SCHOLL". (The spaces in the latter case are not between parts.)

"NAME=NOT DR. SCHOLL" and "NAME = NOT DR. SCHOLL"

are synonymous.

"NAME = NOTDR.SCHOLL"

is invalid.

"NAME = DR.SCHOLL"

is a search clause.

"NAME=NOT DR. SCHOLL"

is a search clause. Search clauses can be combined by the use of Boolean connectors.

clause (Boolean Connector)
clause (Boolean - - - etc.)

There are two valid Boolean connectors, "AND" and "OR".

NAME = DR. SCHOLL AND PROFESSION = HIKER

uses the Boolean connector "AND" to combine the two valid clauses into one phrase.

At least one space must precede and follow each Boolean connector.

NAME = DR. SCHOLLAND PROFESSION=HIKER NAME = DR. SCHOLL ANDPROFESSION=HIKER

are both wrong.

A group of two or more clauses -- joined by Boolean connectors -- is a phrase. Phrases may also be joined by Boolean connectors, but when this is done, each phrase must be enclosed in parentheses if desired results are to be obtained.

(NAME=DR. SCHOLL AND PROFESSION=HIKER) OR ("NAME=DR FRANKENSTEIN AND PROFESSION=BEAUTICIAN")

will find all records for which the NAME and PROFESSION fields equal DR. SCHOLL and HIKER OR DR. FRANKENSTEIN and BEAUTICIAN respectively. Records containing DR. SCHOLL and BEAUTICIAN will not be found. Nor will any other combination of the four clauses be found except the two noted. Records containing DR. SCHOLL and not HIKER will not be found. The only HIKER records found will be those with the name

DR. SCHOLL. The only BEAUTICIAN records found will be those with the name DR. FRANKENSTEIN.

There being no limit in this system to the number of clauses and phrases that may be used in a search strategy, it follows that truly complex statements can result. The user is advised to try out search strategies on paper before keying them in as responses to "??" messages, especially if the strategies contain 2 or more clauses or phrases.

While it is not possible to give examples of all possible strategies, the following is exemplary of the commonest mistake made. Even experienced programmers are sometimes victimized by the "NOT-OR-NOT" trap.

Consider a file containing a key field called AGE. Values range from 1 to 99. If the user desires to find all records except the ones containing AGE=1 and AGE=2, he might write the following statement:

#### AGE = NOT 1 OR AGE = NOT 2

On the surface, this seems reasonable (else why would so many sane people do it). In reality, it will not work. All records in the file will be found including the ones in the AGE=1 and AGE=2 (the second clause thus finds them). The reverse is true for records containing AGE=2; they do not contain AGE=1. The proper results are obtained by:

#### AGE = NOT 1 AND AGE = NOT 2.

One other special case should be mentioned. If the user responds to the "??" message by hitting "CR" with no message proper, the program will run; it will find all records in the file. This is usually an undesirable result.

Finally, the user must know how to respond when the search strategy is too long for one line on the CRT screen. Unless the functional program has been written with a provision for long lines, the user can do nothing (except call the Data Base Manager for a program revision). When provision has been made, the received messages will look like the following:

??KEYIN.SEARCH.STRATEGY
(User Responds)
??SEARCH.STRATEGY.CONTINUED.OR.(Enter or CR)
(User responds with more clauses or with

"Enter" or "CR" to indicate no more clauses needed)

User responses must not include hyphens as final characters. The hyphen is implied by the program structure. Also, the user must not truncate a line in the middle of either the Fieldname or Value component. The system supplies one blank character between lines thus entered, and "NAME", if truncated, would be received by the program with an embedded space, e.g.,

#### NA ME

which is wrong.

#### b. Functional Program Conventions

To aid the understanding of functional program messages, some standard message forms have been adopted by the DD/D system.

Every functional program that can be executed by the user starts with a verification message, e.g.,

#### ??UPDATING TABLES?

A positive response to this message (see below) says, "Yes, I really mean to update tables". The program will then proceed. A negative response says, "oops, I've executed the wrong program". The program will terminate with an appropriate message, and control will return to the user. He can try again.

The question mark (?) at the end of the above message is also a standard usage. All messages that start with "\$\$" and end with "?" must be answered either positively or negatively. The only positive response is "Y", one character. Any other response is negative. Of course, the user may edit his response prior to "Enter" or "CR" (transmission).

YES00 (Enter or CR)
YEAH000 (Enter or CR)
NO#Y (Enter or CR)

are all positive responses because the computer will receive only "Y". The simplest negative response is "Enter" or "CR" alone; but if all messages are being logged by the terminal printer (some users do this to keep a history of all work done), then the response:

N (Enter or CR)

is more effective, as "Enter" or "CR" alone prints nothing on the log (though a blank line will appear).

With one exception, the remainder of all functional program messages are self-explanatory. The one exception is the message format that includes the phrase "OR "D" TO SEE" e.g..:

\$\$FIELD NUMBER (OR "D" TO SEE)

The message is asking for the number assigned to a particular field the user wishes to print (or update). The user may not know the Field Number. By responding with a request to display the fields, letter "D", a list of Field Numbers will be printed on the screen. The program will then branch back to the previous message, and ask again for the Field Number. The user should then be able to respond.

#### Typical Program Execution

The following series of messages and responses are given as an example:

(R) \*\*\* FILE OPENED (Control is now with the user).

(S) INCLUDE 50 (User wishes to execute program 50. message could have been abbreviated "I 50").

\$\$UPDATING RECORDS?

(s)

3\$identify.records.to.change (R)

- RECORD.NUMBER.=025765 (User intends to change record **(S)** number 025766).
- (R) NO RECORDS FOUND (Nonexistent record number. response required).
- (R) \$\$IDENTIFY.RECORDS.TO.CHANGE (Starting again).

(S) RECORD. NUMBER = 025766

(R)??FIELD.NAME (User must respond with the name of a field he wishes to change).

(S)PART.NUMBER

(R)

PART.NUMBER FIELD NOW = A12345
??NEW VALUE (OR "OK" TO ACCEPT AS IS) (User must re-(R) spond. He can enter a new value (which will replace the existing value), spaces (Enter or CR) (which will leave the current value unchanged).

AQ2345

\$\$MORE FIELDS TO CHANGE THIS RECORD? (R)

(R)\$\$FIELD.NAME S) SECURITY.CLASS

(R) SECURITY.CLASS FIELD NOW SECRET

\$\$NEW VALUE (OR "OK" TO ACCEPT AS IS) (R)

```
(S) (ENTER OR CR)
(R) SECURITY.CLASS CANNOT BE BLANK
(R) $$NEW VALUE (OR "OK" TO ACCEPT AS IS)
(S) UNCLASSIFIED
(R) $$MORE FIELDS TO CHANGE THIS RECORD?
(S) N
(R) $$MORE RECORDS TO CHANGE?
(S) N
(R) T RECORD(S) CHANGED
(R) EOJ (End of Job. Control returns to user).
```

NOTE: Echos were omitted in the above example. Had they been shown, each (S) message would have been repeated.

## DoD 4000.25-13-S4 ATTACHMENT 1

## INDEX OF QUERY SEGMENTS

SEGMENT	TITLE	PAGE
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I 130	Print All Information for Logical Record(s)	5
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SEGMENT: I101

TITLE: Reference Source Documentation Lookup

PURPOSE: To retrieve and display the meaning of data codes for the set of four data fields which collectively identify the source documentation and subdivision thereof in which required information concerning one or more logical records can be located.

SEARCH STRATEGY: Defined in Program Segment

SORT KEY: Defined in Program Segment

PRINT SPECIFICATION: Defined in Program Segment

## INTERACTIVE DIALOG

## DATA TERMINAL ENTRY

## Enter I 101 ı.

- Enter value for field A0210
- Enter value for field A0230
- Enter value for field A0240
- Enter value for field A0250
- 6. If no additional lookup required, enter code N for "NO".
- 7. If additional lookup is required, 7. Echo Y and prompt question enter code Y for "YES" and restart at 2 above.

## COMPUTER RESPONSE

- 1. Echo (reiteration) I 101 Prompt question \$\$A0210 2. Echo entered value; prompt question \$\$A0230 3. Echo entered value; prompt question \$\$A0240 4. Echo entered value; prompt question \$\$A0250 5. Echo entered value; display retrieval results on CRT in prescribed format; prompt question \$\$DO IT AGAIN?
- \$\$A0210

6. Echo N and signal EOJ

SEGMENT: I 105

TITLE: In the Clear Display of Logical Record(s) (With Recorded

Relationships)

PURPOSE: To retrieve and provide in the clear display of one or more logical records based on specified search strategy and to concurrently retrieve and display associated records based on their membership and logical structure relationships.

SEARCH STRATEGY: Specified by the Interrogator

SORT KEY: Defined in Program Segment

PRINT SPECIFICATION: Defined in Program Segment (See Notes)

## INTERACTIVE DIALOG

## DATA TERMINAL ENTRY

- 1. Enter I 105
- 2. Enter search criteria
- 3. Enter continuation of search criteria or depress carriage return
- 4. If not satisfied, enter code N for "NO" and restart after computer response.
- 5. If satisfied, enter code Y for "YES".
- Enter number of record to be printed or ALL
- 7. Enter choice of print or view
- 8. Enter choice of option

- 1. Echo (reiteration) I 105; prompt question ??ENTER.SEARCH.CRITERIA.
  2. Prompt question ??SEARCH.CRITERIA.END OR CR
  3. Display number of records found; prompt question \$\$SATISFIED?
  4. Prompt question ??ENTER.SEARCH.CRITERIA
- 5. Prompt question ??HOW MANY RECORDS DO YOU WANT TO PRINT (OR 'ALL')
- 6. Echo entry; prompt question \$\$DO YOU WANT TO PRINT (ANSWER '1) OR VIEW ON CRT (ANSWER '2)
- 7. Echo entry; prompt question ??DO YOU WANT OPTION-1 (ANSWER-1) OR OPTION-2? (ANSWER-2)
- 8. Echo entry; prompt instruction ALIGN PAPER, HIT 'CR' WHEN READY

## SEGMENT 105 (CONTINUED)

## INTERACTIVE DIALOG

## DATA TERMINAL ENTRY

COMPUTER RESPONSE

9. Depress carriage return

9. Display of required information when completed, signal SEGMENT 105 - END OF JOB

## NOTES:

OPTION 1: Logical record in field designation sequence with clear text values for each field, data codes, if applicable, are listed immediately to the right of the field designation. Followed by label: "Membership" with all records associated by reason of membership listed below the label: Selected fields only: A0210; A0220; A0100; A1100 and A1251; followed by label: "Logical Structure" with all records associated by reason of logical structure listed below the label: Selected fields are the same as for "Membership".

OPTION 2: Same as Option 1 except membership and logical structure associated records are displayed in the print all information as recorded format same as that provided under Segment I 130.

SEGMENT: I 125

TITLE: In the Clear Display of Logical Record(s) (Without Recorded

Relationships)

PURPOSE: To retrieve and provide in the clear display of one or

more logical records based on specified search strategy.

SEARCH STRATEGY: Specified by the Interrogator

SORT KEY: Defined in Program Segment

PRINT SPECIFICATIONS: Defined in Program Segment

## INTERACTIVE DIALOG

## DATA TERMINAL ENTRY

- 1. Enter I 125
- 2. Enter search criteria
- 3. Enter continuation of search criteria or depress carriage return
- 4. If not satisfied, enter code N for "NO" and restart after computer response
- 5. If satisfied, enter code Y for "YES"
- 6. Enter the number of records to be printed or ALL
- 7. Enter choice of print of view (1 or 2)
- 8. Depress carriage return

- 1. Echo (reiteration) I 125; prompt question ??ENTER.SEARCH.CRITERIA.
  2. Prompt question ??SEARCH CRITERIA CONT OR CR
  3. Display number of records found; prompt question \$\$SATISFIED?
  4. Prompt question ??ENTER.SEARCH.CRITERIA.
- 5. Prompt question \$\$HOW MANY RECORDS DO YOU WANT TO PRINT (OR 'ALL')
- 6. Echo entry; prompt question \$\$DO YOU WANT TO PRINT (ANSWER-1) OR VIEW ON CRT (ANSWER-2)
- 7. Echo entry; prompt instruction ALIGN PAPER, HIT CR WHEN READY
- 8. Display of required information when completed, signal SEGMENT 105 END OF JOB

SEGMENT: I 130

TITLE: Print All Information for Logical Record(s)

PURPOSE: To retrieve and display one or more logical records based on specified search strategy with the display reflecting the sequence

and actual recorded content of the logical record.

SEARCH STRATEGY: Specified by the Interrogator

SORT KEY: Defined in Program Segment

PRINT SPECIFICATION: Defined in Program Segment

## INTERACTIVE DIALOG

## DATA TERMINAL ENTRY

## 1. Enter I 130

- 2. Enter search strategy (up to a maximum of 74 positions)
- 3. Enter continuation search strategy or depress carriage return
- 4. Enter continuation of search strategy or depress carriage return
- 5. Enter carriage return

- 1. Echo (reiteration) I 130 and prompt question ??KEYIN.SEARCH STRATEGY 2. Prompt question ??SEARCH STRATEGY CONTINUATION OR CR 3. Prompt question ??SEARCH STRATEGY END OR CR
- 4. Display number of records found and eject to start of new page
- 5. Display required information; when completed, signal EOJ

SEGMENT: I 132

TITLE: Ad Hoc Query (Including Sort)

PURPOSE: To retrieve and display two or more logical records based on specified search strategy, sort instructions and print specifications prescribed by the interrogator.

SEARCH STRATEGY: Specified by the Interrogator

SORT KEY: Specified by the Interrogator

PRINT SPECIFICATION: Specified by the Interrogator

## INTERACTIVE DIALOG

## DATA TERMINAL ENTRY

## Enter I 132

- 2. Enter search criteria (maximum 70 positions) 3. Enter continuation of search criteria or depress carriage return
- 4. Enter continuation of search strategy or depress carriage
- return 5. Enter sort key (Enter field designation of primary sort sequence followed by field designations for secondary, tertiary, etc.) Separate field designations by connector AND. Multiple occurrence fields must be preceded by EACH. e.g., Alloo AND EACH Alloo 6. Enter range information as required (see notes page J-B10). Depress carriage return if not required.
- 7. Enter first line of print specification

## COMPUTER RESPONSE

- 1. Echo (reiteration) I 132; prompt question ??SEARCH. CRITERIA 2. Prompt question ??SEARCH CONTINUATION OR CR
- 3. Prompt question ??SEARCH END OR CR
- 4. Prompt question ??SORT KEY
- 5. Prompt question ??RANGE CHECK

7. Prompt question ??PRINTLINE ONE CONTO OR CR

## SEGMENT I 132 (CONTINUED) QUERY SEGMENT INSTRUCTIONS

## INTERACTIVE DIALOG

## DATA TERMINAL ENTRY

- 8. Enter continuation of first line print specification or return 9. Enter second line of print specification or return 10. Continue second line print specification or return
- 11. Enter choice of view or print (1 or 2)
- 12. If no satisfied, enter code Y for "YES"13. If satisfied enter code N for "NO"
- 14. Depress carriage return

## COMPUTER RESPONSE

8. Prompt question ??PRINTLINE TWO Prompt question ??PRINTLINE TWO CONTD OR CR 10. Signal \*\*\* EDIT COMPLETE \*\*\* Prompt question KEYIN '1' TO VIEW ON SCREEN. '2' TO PRINT 11. Echo entry; display number of records found: prompt question \$\$SEARCH AGAIN? 12. Prompt instruction ENTER I 132 13. Pause until sorting is complete followed by prompt instruction ALIGN PAPER HIT 'CR' WHEN READY Print required information; when completed, signal EOJ

## NOTES:

## Data Terminal Entry 6:

- (a) If requirement calls for starting at a particular point in the listing, enter the field designation followed by LT and the value at which the list is to start (e.g., AllO1 'LT' SPARE).
- (b) If the requirement calls for ending at a particular point in the listing, enter the field designation followed by GT and the value immediately after the value at which termination of the listing is desired (e.g., Al101 'GT' test).
- (c) Range (From/To) can be accomplished by a combination or the above separated by the connector OR (e.g., AllOl 'LT' SPARE OR AllOO 'GT' TEST).

SEGMENT: I 138

TITLE: Ad Hoc Query (Without Sort)

PURPOSE: To retrieve and display one or more logical records based on specified search strategy and print specification. Sequence by record identification code of logical records extracted. (No capability for sorting records.)

SEARCH STRATEGY: Specified by the Interrogator

SORT KEY: Defined in Program Segment

PRINT SPECIFICATION: Specified by the Interrogator

## INTERACTIVE DIALOG

## DATA TERMINAL ENTRY

- 1. Enter I 138
- 2. Enter search strategy
- 3. Enter continuation of search strategy or depress carriage return
- 4. Enter continuation of search strategy or depress carriage return
- 5. Enter first line of print specification
- 6. Enter continuation of first line of print specification or depress carriage return
- 7. Enter print specification for second line or depress carriage return
- 8. Enter continuation of second line of print specification or depress carriage return
- 9. Depress carriage return

- 1. Echo (reiteration) I 138 and prompt question ??SEARCH 2. Prompt question ??SEARCH CONTINUATION OR CR 3. Prompt question ??SEARCH END OR CR
- 4. Prompt question ??PRINT
- Prompt question ??FIRST LINE CONTINUATION
   Prompt question ??NEXT LINE
- 7. Prompt question ??NEXT LINE CONTINUATION
- 8. Display number of records found followed by instruction ALIGN PAPER AND THEN HIT 'CR' 9. Display required information when completed, signal EOJ

SEGMENT: I 140

TITLE: Table Printout

PURPOSE: To retrieve and display the content of LOGDRMS Tables containing lookup meanings of the various data codes used within the

DOD LOGDRMS

SEARCH STRATEGY: Defined in Program Segment

SORT KEY: Defined in Program Segment

PRINT SPECIFICATION: Defined in Program Segment

## INTERACTIVE DIALOG

## DATA TERMINAL ENTRY

- 1. Enter I 140
- 2. Enter Y for "YES"

- 3. Enter choice of print or view (1 or 2)
- 4. Enter table number or indicate all tables required (ALL)
- 5. Enter all if complete table contents are required or enter data code at which listing is to start
- 6. Depress carriage return
- 7. If no more tables to print, depress carriage return.

## COMPUTER RESPONSE

- 1. Echo (reiteration) I 140 Prompt question \$\$PRINTING TABLES?
  2. Echo Y; prompt question
- 2. Echo Y; prompt question \$\$DO YOU WISH TO PRINT (ANSW-1) OR VIEW (ANSW-2)

If value N is entered on data terminal, message SORRY WRONG PROGRAM - END OF JOB

- 3. Echo entry; prompt question TABLE NUMBER (OR ALL)
  4. Echo entry, prompt question \$\$START CODE (OR 'ALL')
  5. Echo entry; prompt instruction ALIGN PAPER AND HIT 'CR'
- 6. Display required information; when completed, signal \$\$MORE TABLES TO PRINT?
  7. Signal EOJ

## SEGMENT I 140 (CONTINUED)

## INTERACTIVE DIALOG

## DATA TERMINAL ENTRY

## COMPUTER RESPONSE

8. If more tables to print enter code Y for "YES" and restart after computer response

8. Prompt question \$\$TABLE

## NOTES:

PRINT SPECIFICATION

\*\*\* TCODA \*\* TVALU

TABRY

TCODA = Field Designation for data code within tables

TABRY = Abbreviation of Data Item Name

TVALU = Data Item Name (Value of data code in the clear)

## INDEX OF MAINTENANCE UPDATE SEGMENTS

SEGMENT	TITLE	PAGE
I 34	Text Edit Change of Selected Logical Record Data Field Content	1
I 41	Addition of New Logical Record(s)	2
I 50	Conventional Change of Logical Record(s)	3
1 70	Addition, Deletion or Revision of Table Contents	4
I 356	Selective Change of Designated Attributes in Logical Records	5
I 357	Selective Deletion of Designated Attributes in Logical Records	6

SEGMENT: I 34

TITLE: Text Edit Change of Selected Logical Record Data Field

Content

PURPOSE: To provide a means for correcting (addition, deletion and/or change) of narrative text in selected data fields without requiring re-entry of the entire entry.

DATA FIELDS: Alloo (Title); Al260 (Synonymous Name); Al300 (Definition/Description); Al800 (Remarks); A2200 (Edit Rules); Al240 (Reference Designation); Al251 (System Control Designation)

SEARCH STRATEGY: Defined in Program Segment

SORT KEY: Not Applicable

PRINT SPECIFICATION: Not Applicable .

## INTERACTIVE DIALOG

NOTE: Instructions for the use of this segment will be furnished to authorized users at the time authorization to use the LOGDRMS for maintenance update is granted.

SEGMENT: I 41

TITLE: Addition of New Logical Record(s)

PURPOSE: To provide a means for adding new logical records to the data bank including the provision for entering common data values for specified data fields (parameter values) into multiple new records using a single input transaction. Edit control is exercised by the system over the selection of data fields to be entered within a given Data Base Sector. (See Attachment F of this appendix for the matrix employed for this edit.)

SEARCH STRATEGY: Defined in Program Segment

SORT KEY: Not Applicable

PRINT SPECIFICATION: Not Applicable

## INTERACTIVE DIALOG

NOTE: Instructions for the use of this segment will be furnished to authorized users at the time authorization to use the DoD LOGDRM for maintenance update is granted.

SEGMENT: I 50

TITLE: Conventional Change of Logical Record(s)

PURPOSE: To provide a means for entering changes (additions, deletions, and/or revisions) to data field content of specified logical record(s). Includes capability for introducing mass changes to multiple occurrences of records using a single instruction.

SEARCH STRATEGY: Defined in Program Segment

SORT KEY: Not Applicable

PRINT SPECIFICATION: Not Applicable

## INTERACTIVE DIALOG

NOTE: Instructions for the use of this segment will be furnished to authorized users at the time authorization to use the DoD LOGDRMS for maintenance update is granted.

)oD 4000.25-13-S4 \TTACHMENT 4

## MAINTENANCE UPDATE SEGMENT INSTRUCTIONS

SEGMENT: I 70

TITLE: Addition, Deletion, or Revision of Table Contents

PURPOSE: To provide a means for changing (adding, deleting, and/or revising) data codes, their abbreviations, and/or their meanings in the DoD LOGDRMS Lookup Tables.

## INTERACTIVE DIALOG

NOTE: Instructions for the use of this segment will be furnished to authorized users at the time authorization to use the DoD LOGDRM for maintenance update is granted.

SEGMENT: I 356

TITLE: Selective Change of Designated Attributes in Logical

Records

PURPOSE: To provide (1) a means for entering changes (additions, deletions, and/or revisions) to specific attributes of specified logical record(s); and (2) selection criteria which limits all actions to those fields.

SEARCH STRATEGY: Field Names Specified by Operator

SORT KEY: Not Applicable

PRINT SPECIFICATIONS: Not Applicable

## INTERACTIVE DIALOG

NOTE: Instructions for the use of this segment will be furnished to authorized users at the time authorization to use the DoD LOGDRMS for maintenance update is granted.

SEGMENT: I 357

TITLE: Selective Deletion of Designated Attributes in Logical

Records

PURPOSE: To provide the option to delete all occurrences of

selected attributes.

SEARCH STRATEGY: Field Names Specified by Operator

SORT KEY: Not Applicable

PRINT SPECIFICATIONS: Not Applicable

## INTERACTIVE DIALOG

NOTE: Instructions for the use of this segment will be furnished to authorized users at the time authorization to use the DoD LOGDRMS for maintenance update is granted.

## DoD 4000.25-13-S4 ATTACHMENT 5

## INDEX OF REPORT PRODUCING SEGMENTS

SEGMENT		TITLE		
I 351		Emulation of DoD 5000.12-M	1	
I COMP	P-2	Emulation of DoD 5000.12-M with Selective Criteria	2	
I FORM	AAT-1	Card/Record Formats with Data Fields/ Blocks	3	
I LIST	ING-XX	Forms, Formats, or Reports with Data Fields/Blocks	4	

## REPORT SEGMENT INSTRUCTIONS

SEGMENT: I 351

TITLE: Emulation of DoD 5000,12-M

PURPOSE: To produce in report format an exact reproduction of the page(s) of DoD 5000.12-M by individual data element, chain or category. Program segment is applicable to all data elements, chains and categories: i.e., standard and nonstandard.

and categories, i.e., standard and nonstandard.

SEARCH STRATEGY: Specified by the Interrogator

SORT KEY: None

PRINT SPECIFICATION: Same as that for DoD 5000.12-M

## INTERACTIVE DIALOG

## DATA TERMINAL ENTRY

- 1. Enter I 351
- 2. Enter search criteria
- Enter continuation of search criteria or depress carriage return (CR) or enter
   If not satisfied, enter code N or "NO" and restart after Computer response.
   If satisfied, enter code "Y" for "YES"
- 6. Align paper and depress carriage return

- 1. Echo (reiteration) I 351
  Prompt question ??SEARCH
  2. Prompt question ??SEARCH.
  CONTINUATION.OR.END.
  3. Prompt response
  " Data Standard Records
  Found \$\$SATISFIED?
  4. END OF PROCESS
- 5. Prompt response "Align paper and depress carriage return".
- 6. Emulation of actual page(s) of DoD 5000.12-M (current format)

## REPORT SEGMENT INSTRUCTIONS

SEGMENT: I COMP-2

TITLE: Emulation of DoD 5000.12-M with Selective Criteria

PURPOSE: To produce in report format an exact reproduction of the page(s) of DoD 5000.12-M by individual data element, chain, or category. Program segment is applicable to all data elements, chains, and categories: i.e., standard and nonstandard.

SEARCH STRATEGY: Specified by the Interrogator

SORT KEY: Data Items Only; Reference designation, Official name, or data item code.

PRINT SPECIFICATIONS: Same as that for DoD 5000.12-M

## INTERACTIVE DIALOG

## DATA TERMINAL ENTRY

## 1. Enter I COMP-2

- 2. Enter search criteria
- If not satisfied, enter code
   N for "NO" and restart after
   computer response.
   If satisfied, enter code Y
   for "YES".
- 5. Enter field name or CR
  A1240=Reference Designation
  A1100=Official Name
  A1150=Data Item Code
  6. If output consists of multiple records, and print is desired other than that of first record, enter official name of first record to be printed.
  7. Align paper and depress carriage return.

- 1. Echo (reiteration) I
  COMP-2 Prompt question
  ??SEARCH
- 2. Prompt response "
  RECORDS FOUND" \$\$SATISFIED?
  3. END OF PROCESS
- 4. Prompt response "\$\$ENTER SORT KEY FOR DATA ITEMS, i.e., A1240, A1100 or A1150 or Depress Carriage Return. 5. Prompt response "ENTER BEGINNING A1100 VALUE-NOT TO EXCEED 100 POSITIONS".
- 7. Emulation of DoD 5000.12-M.

QUALIFICATION, DOD LOGDESMAP IDENTIFICATION CODE	-A1234
REASONABLENESS	- A 7 O 3.0
RECORD IDENTIFICATION CODE	-A0100
RECORDING MODE	-A2030
RECOVERY	-A7070
REFERENCE DESIGNATION OF ENTITY	_ A 1 2 A C
REFERENCE DOCUMENTATION IDENTIFIER	
REFERENCE DOCUMENTATION SUBDIVISION IDENTIFIER	
RELIABILITY	*****************
REMARKS	-A/UDU
KEMAKKJaaraanaanaanaanaanaanaanaanaanaanaanaana	- A 1 8 0 0
RETENTION	
RETRIEVAL COST	
REUTILIZATION COST	
SCALE	
SCOPE	
SECURITY CLASS	
SIGNED VALUE INDICATOR	-A2070
SPECIAL CHARACTER INDICATOR	-A2053
SPECIAL HANDLING	-A6080
STANDARDIZATION PROGRAM PROJECT DESIGNATION	-A1620
STANDARDIZATION SCOPE	-A1631
STANDARDIZATION STATUS CODE	-A1630
CTATICTICC	45070
STEMMED DESCRIPTOR DESINITION/DESCRIPTION 'S	-43070
boottone	A 1 2 0 E
STEMMED DESCRIPTOR, DEFINITION/DESCRIPTION - 5 - POSITIONS STEMMED DESCRIPTOR, DEFINITION/DESCRIPTION - 6 - POSITIONS	-WI202
STEMMED DESCRIPTOR, DEFINITION/DESCRIPTION - 0 -	
PUSI I LUNS	-A13U6
STEMMED DESCRIPTOR, DEFINITION/DESCRIPTION - / -	
POSITIONS	-A1307
STEMMED DESCRIPTOR, DEFINITION/DESCRIPTION - 7 - POSITIONS	
TIONS - 5 - POSITIONS	-A1265
STEMMED DESCRIPTOR, OTHER SYNONYMOUS NAMES/DESIGNA-	
TIONS - 6 - POSITIONS	-A1266
TIONS - 6 - POSITIONS	
TIONS - 7 - POSITIONS	-A1267
STEMMED DESCRIPTOR, 5 POSITIONS, OFFICIAL NAME	-A1105
STEMMED DESCRIPTOR, 6 POSITIONS, OFFICIAL NAME	
STEMMED DESCRIPTOR, 7 POSITIONS, OFFICIAL NAME	
STEMMED LOGDESMAP SYSTEM CONTROL DESIGNATION - 4 -	
POSITIONS	A 1 2 E A
STEMMED LOGDESMAP SYSTEM CONTROL DESIGNATION - 5 -	· M 1 2 3 4
SIEMMED LUGUESMAY SISIEM CUNIKUL DESIGNATION - 5 -	41055
POSITIONS	· W 1 5 2 2
STEMMED LUGUESMAP SYSTEM CONTROL DESIGNATION - 0 -	
POSITIONS	-A1256
STEMMED LOGDESMAP SYSTEM CONTROL DESIGNATION - 7 -	
POSITIONSSTORAGE COST	·A1257
STORAGE COST	-A8240
STORAGE PHYSICAL SEQUENCE	-A3070

## REPORT SEGMENT INSTRUCTIONS

SEGMENT: I LISTING-XX

TITLE: Forms, Formats, or Reports with Data Fields/Blocks

PURPOSE: To produce, in report format, identification of specific forms, formats, or reports with data fields/blocks contained therein.

## INTERACTIVE DIALOG

## DATA TERMINAL ENTRY

1. Enter I LISTING-XX

- Enter T, U, or W or END if segment is to be terminated.
   Enter search criteria or CR
- 4. Enter additional search criteria or CR5. Enter additional search criteria or CR
- If not satisfied, enter code N for "NO" and restart after computer response.
   If satisfied, enter code Y for "YES".
- 8. If display of applicable elements/fields is desired, enter Y for "YES".
  9. If abbreviated display of form, format, or report is desired, enter N for "NO".

- 1. Echo (reiteration) I
  LISTING-XX Prompt response
  Enter type of listing or
  "END"
  T=Format Listing
  U=Form Listing
  W=Report Listing
  \$\$
  2. Computer response \$\$SEARCH
- 3. Prompt question
  ??SEARCH.CONTINUATION
  4. Prompt question
  ??SEARCH.END
  5. Prompt response/question
  FORM RECORDS FOUND
  OR
- FORMAT RECORDS FOUND
  OR
  REPORT RECORDS FOUND
  \$\$SATISFIED?
  6. END OF PROCESS
- 7. Prompt question DO YOU WISH TO DISPLAY APPLICABLE ELEMENTS/FIELDS?
  8. Prompt response enter beginning Alloo or Depress "ENTER"
  9. Prompt response enter beginning Alloo or Depress "ENTER"

## SEGMENT I LISTING-XX CONTINUED

## DATA TERMINAL ENTRY

10. If output consists of multiple records and print is desired other than that of first record, enter official name of first record to be printed.

11. Enter page number for first page of report. CR will begin with page 1.

12. Align page and depress CR

## COMPUTER RESPONSE

10. Prompt response \$\$ENTER STARTING PAGE NUMBER OR DEPRESS "ENTER".

11. Prompt response ALIGN PAPER AND DEPRESS CARRIAGE RETURN

## INDEX OF FIELD NAMES USED IN THE DOD LOGDRMS

## (NAME SEQUENCE)

ACCESS AUTHORITYACCESS METHOD	A6070
ACCESS METHOD	A3030
ACCESS TYPE	A6030
ACQUISITION COSTS	A8100
ACTIVITY ADDRESS	A3050
ACTIVITY ADDRESSADDRESSING ALGORITHM	A3040
ALPHABETIC CHARACTER INDICATOR	A2051
ASSIGNED RESPONSIBLE AGENCY	A1610
ATTEMPT COUNT LIMITAUTHORIZED USERS	A6110
AUTHORIZED USERS	A6120
BLOCK SIZE	A3060
CHANGE FREQUENCY (PASSWORDS)	A6100
CLASS, DOD LOGDESMAP IDENTIFICATION CODE	A1231
COMMUNICATIONS COST	A8230
COMMUNICATIONS COST	A7050
COMPONENT ORGANIZATION IDENTIFIER OF SOURCE	A6042
COMPONENT ORGANIZATION IDENTIFIER, DEFINITION RESPONSIBILITY	
RESPONSIBILITY	A6062
COMPONENT ORGANIZATION IDENTIFIER. UPDATE	A6052
CONDITION, DOD LOGDESMAP IDENTIFICATION CODE	A1233
CONSISTENCY	A7020
DATA BASE IDENTIFIER	A0210
DATA RASE SECTOR IDENTIFIER	A0220
DATA ITEM CODE	A1150
DATA PEPPESENTATION TYPE	A2010
DATA SOURCE	A6040
DATA SOURCE CONTROL NUMBER	A6043
DATA SOURCE CONTROL NUMBER	A6044
DATE OF DATA STANDARD IMPLEMENTATION	A1660
DATE OF LAST STANDADDIZATION ACTION	A1640
DATE OF LATEST RECORD CHANGE	A0300
DEFAULT VALUES	A2300
DATE OF LATEST RECORD CHANGE	A6060
DEFINITION/DESCRIPTION	A1300
DEPARTMENT_ESTARI ISHMENT COMPONENT SOURCE	
DEPARTMENT-ESTABLISHMENT COMPONENT, DEFINITION	
RESPONSIBILITY	A6061
DEPARTMENT-ESTABLISHMENT COMPONENT, DEFINITION RESPONSIBILITY DEPARTMENT-ESTABLISHMENT COMPONENT, UPDATE DERIVATION ALGORITHM	A6051
DERIVATION ALGORITHM	A2400
DESCRIPTOR, DEFINITION/DESCRIPTION	A1301
DESCRIPTOR. OFFICIAL NAME	A1101
DESCRIPTOR, OTHER SYNONYMOUS NAMES/DESIGNATIONS	A1261

## DoD 4000.25-13-S4 ATTACHMENT 7

DEVELOPMENT/DESIGN COSTS	A8110
DEVICE TYPE	A3010
DIRECTORY ALIAS	A3080
DISTRIBUTION COST	A8220
EDIT RULES	A2200
EFFECTIVE DATE OF DATA STANDARD	A1650
EXPECTED OCCURRENCES	A5010
FREEDOM OF INFORMATION CONSIDERATIONS	A6140
FREQUENCY OF USE	A5040
FUNCTIONAL SCOPE	A1410
GRADE, DOD LOGDESMAP IDENTIFICATION CODE	A1232
GROWTH FACTORINTERACTION	A5030
INTERACTION	A4300
INTERNAL CORING STRUCTURE	. 42000
JUSTIFICATION	A2040
LENGTH IN CHARACTERS	A2020
JUSTIFICATION	A1510
LOGDESMAP IDENTIFICATION CODE	A1230
LOGDESMAP SYSTEM CONTRUL DESIGNATION	A1251
LOGICAL STRUCTURE	A4100
MAINTENANCE COST	A8210
MAXIMUM OCCURRENCES	A5020
MEMBERSHIP	A4200
NULL INDICATOR	A2500
LOGDESMAP IDENTIFICATION CODE	A2052
OFFICIAL NAME	A1100
OFFICIAL NAME ABBREVIATION	A1210
OFFICIAL NAME INITIALISM	A1220
OFFICIAL NAME ABBREVIATION  OFFICIAL NAME INITIALISM  ORGANIZATION OF STORAGE  ORGANIZATIONAL SCOPE	A3020
ORGANIZATIONAL SCOPE	A1430
OTHER SYNONYMOUS NAMES/DESIGNATIONS	A1260
OVERFLOW	A5050
OVERHEAD COST (ACQUISITION)	A8150
OVERHEAD COST (OPERATIONS/SUPPORT)	A8260
OVERHEAD COST (OPERATIONS/SUPPORT)	46090
PASSWORDS	A6010
PICTURE	A2100
PRECISION	
PREPARING COMPONENT ORGANIZATION	A1720
PREPARING DEPARTMENT-ESTABLISHMENT COMPONENT	A1710
PREPARING ORGANIZATION IDENTIFICATION	A1700
PRIORITY	A5060
PRIVACY CONSIDERATIONS	A6130
PRODUCTION COST	A8120
PROPAGATION SET	A7040
PROPONENT ORGANIZATION IDENTIFIER	A0230
PURCHASE COST	A8130

QUALIFICA	ATTON. 1	DOD LOGDE	SMAP IDEN	TIFICATION C	ODEA12	234
REASONARI	FNFSS				A7(	J 3 U
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RELIABIL	(TY				A7(	060
REMARKS					A18	300
					A70	
					A82	
REUTILIZ#	ATION CO	OST			A83	140
SCALE					A20	080
					A14	
					A60	
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					A2(	
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STANDADDI	TANDEIN	DDUCDV		ESTENATION	A16	500
STANDARDI	12A110N	CCODE	rkootei t	ESIGNALION	A16	, 2 U
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SIMBUMBUL	CALION	31K103 C	000		A5(	) J U
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SIEMMED U	DE 2 CKILI	IUK, DEFI	MILION\DE	SCRIPTION -	5 - Al: 6 - Al:	
POSITIO	)NS				A1:	305
STEMMED D	DESCRIPT	TOR, DEFI	NITION/DE	SCRIPTION -	6 -	_
POSITIO	) N S				A13	306
STEMMED D	DESCRIPI	TOR, DEFI	NITION/DE	SCRIPTION -	7 -	
POSITIO	)NS				A13	307
STEMMED D	DESCRIPT	TOR, OTHE	R SYNONYM	OUS NAMES/DE	7 - A13 SIGNA- A12 SIGNA-	
TIONS -	- 5 <b>-</b> P(	SITIONS-			A12	265
STEMMED D	DESCRIPT	TOR, OTHE	R SYNONYM	OUS NAMES/DE	SIGNA-	
TIONS -	- 6 - PC	SITIONS-			A12	266
STEMMED C	DESCRIPT	TOR. OTHE	R SYNONYM	OUS NAMES/DE	A12 SIGNA-	
TIONS -	- 7 - PC	SITIONS-			A12	67
STEMMED C	PESCRIPI	TOR 5 PO	SITIONS	OFFICIAL NAM	EA11	0.5
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					EA11	
				DESIGNATION		. 0 /
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POSITIO	)NS				Al2	256
STEMMED L	LOGDESMA	AP SYSTEM	CONTROL	DESIGNATION	A18	
POSITIO	) N S				A12	257
STORAGE (	COST				A82	240
STORAGE F	PHYSICAL	L SEQUENCE	E		A3(	70

## DoD 4000.25-13-S4 ATTACHMENT 7

SUBJECT MATTER SCOPE	A1420
SUPPLEMENTARY REFERENCE DOCUMENTATION SUBDIVISION	
IDENTIFIER	A3090
SUPPLEMENTARY REFERENCE DOCUMENTATION SUBDIVISION	
IDENTIFIER	A0260
SUPPORT COST	A8270
TOTAL ACQUISITION COST	A8160
TOTAL OPERATIONAL/SUPPORT COST	A8280
UPDATE RESPONSIBILITY	A6050
VALIDITY	A7010
VERSION DATE	A1530
VERSION SERIAL NUMBER	A1520
YEAR-MONTH OF LATEST RECORD CHANGE	A0304

## ATTRIBUTES (FIELDS)

These are the fields of data that describe a particular record or an entity (data base sector) represented by a record. For example, a data element record may have such attributes as an Official Name (A1100), Keywords (A1101), Definition/Description (A1300), Length (A2020), and other attributes as required.

This listing represents the total range of attributes that may be used in the LOGDRMS (except for attributes of table records). Some of the attributes are applicable to all entities, e.g., Official Name, Definition, etc. Others are applicable to only selected entities. For example, Data Item Code (A1150), is applicable only to data items. When a requirement arises for additional attributes, such additional attributes may be added with no disruption to the system. Further, it should be noted that when an attribute is not used in a particular record, it takes up no space.

## IELD NAME

REMARKS: THIS FIELD IS MACHINE GENERATED FOR EACH NEW RECORD ADDED TO THE LOGDRMS. KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: TYPE: C LENGTH: 006 FIXED/VARIABLE: F TITLE: RECORD IDENTIFICATION A0100

PE: C LENGTH: 001 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: EDIT RULES: CODES ARE VALIDATED AGAINST ENTRIES IN LOGDRMS TABLE 02. TITLE: DATA BASE IDENTIFIER TYPE:

00 PE: C LENGTH: 001 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: EDIT RULES: CODES ARE VALIDATED AGAINST ENTRIES IN LOGDRMS TABLE 03. TITLE: DATA BASE SECTION IDENTIFIER
TYPE: C LENGTH: 001 FIXED/VARIABLE: F

C LENGTH: 001 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: EDIT RULES: CODES ARE VALIDATED AGAINST ENTRIES IN LOGDRMS TABLE 44. TITLE: DATA BASE SUBSECTOR IDENTIFIER TYPE: A0221

EDIT RULES: VALUES CONSISTING OF A0210 FOLLOWED BY A0230 ARE VALIDATED AGAINST ENTRIES IN LOGDRMS TABLE 04. THIS FIELD MAY CONTAIN SPECIAL CHARACTERS AND BE LIMITED TO ONE POSITION WHEN USED TO FLAG RECORDS FOR INTERNAL LOGDESMAP C LENGTH: 004 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: TITLE: PROPONENT ORGANIZATION IDENTIFIER MANAGEMENT PURPOSES.

LIMITED TO ONE POSITION WHEN USED TO FLAG RECORDS FOR INTERNAL LOGDESMAP C LENGTH: 007 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: OC RULES: VALUES CONSISTING OF A0210, A0230, AND A0240 (IN THAT SEQUENCE) ARE VALIDATED AGAINST ENTRIES IN LOGDRMS TABLE 05. THIS FIELD MAY BE TITLE: REFERENCE DOCUMENTATION IDENTIFIER MANAGEMENT PURPOSES. EDIT RULES:

EDIT RULES: VALUES CONSISTING OF A0210, A0230, A0240 AND A0250 (IN THAT SEQUENCE) K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: 001 ARE VALIDATED AGAINST ENTRIES IN LOGDRMS TABLE 06. C LENGTH: 004 FIXED/VARIABLE: V KEY/NONKEY: TITLE: REFERENCE DOCUMENTATION SUBDIVISION IDENTIFIER

## FIELD NAME

	OSES.							
001	001 Purp	100	001	001	001	001	100	030
IFIER N NUMBER OCCURRENCES:	NUMBER OCCURRENCES: 001 LOGDESMAP MANAGEMENT PURPOSES.	NUMBER OCCURRENCES:	K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: 001 ENERATED FROM FIELD A0300.	NUMBER OCCURRENCES:	F KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: 0 IT IS MACHINE GENERATED FROM FIELD A0350.	NUMBER OCCURRENCES:	NUMBER OCCURRENCES:	R OCCURRENCES:
L NUMBE	VUMBE LOGDE	NUMBE	NUMBE Ated	NUMBE	NUMBE	NUMBE	NUMBE	NUMBE
TETER N		×	K J GENER	<b>×</b>	K GENER	×	Z	K A1100
VISION IDENT KEY/NONKEY:	KEY/NONKEY: RDS FOR INTER	F KEY/NONKEY:	KEY/NONKEY: IS MACHINE	KEY/NONKEY:	KEY/NONKEY: IS MACHINE	KEY/NONKEY:	KEY/NONKEY:	KEY/NONKEY: FROM FIELD
SUBDI V	V RECOF		HANGÎ F IT	ıL			>	V tated
TITLE: SUPPLEMENTARY REFERENCE DOCUMENT SUBDIVISION IDENTIFIER TYPE: L LENGTH: 050 FIXED/VARIABLE: V KEY/NONKEY: N N	TITLE: OPTIONAL USE TYPE: L LENGTH: 010 FIXED/VARIABLE: V KEY/NONKEY: K REMARKS: THIS FIELD IS USED TO FLAG RECORDS FOR INTERNAL	TITLE: DATE OF LATEST RECORD CHANGE TYPE: C LENGTH: 006 FIXED/VARIABLE:	TITLE: YEAR AND MONTH OF LATEST RECORD CHANGE TYPE: C LENGTH: 004 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: ( REMARKS: THIS IS AN INVISIBLE FIELD. IT IS MACHINE GENERATED FROM FIELD A0300.	TITLE: DATE INITIALLY RECORDED TYPE: C LENGTH: 006 FIXED/VARIABLE:	TITLE: YEAR AND MONTH INITIALLY RECORDED TYPE: C LENGTH: 004 FIXED/VARIABLE: REMARKS: THIS IS AN INVISIBLE FIELD.	TITLE: FILE GROUP IDENTIFIER TYPE: LENGTH: FIXED/VARIABLE:	TITLE: OFFICIAL NAME TYPE: L LENGTH: 250 FIXED/VARIABLE:	TITLE: DESCRIPTOR, OFFICIAL NAME TYPE: L LENGTH: 020 FIXED/VARIABLE: V KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: REMARKS: THIS FIELD IS MACHINE GENERATED FROM FIELD AllOO
TITLE: TYPE	TITLE: TYPE RE	TITLE: TYPE	TITLE: TYPE RE	TITLE: TYPE	TITLE: TYPE RE	TITLE: TYPE	TITLE	TITLE TYP! RI
A0260	A0280	A0300	A0304	A0350	A0354	A0400	A1100	A1101

## FIELD NAME

IT IS MACHINE GENERATED FROM FIELD AllO1 BY THE F KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: 030 OFFICIAL NAME TLE: STEMMED DESCRIPTOR, SIX POSITIONS, TYPE: L LENGTH: 006 FIXED/VARIABLE: THIS IS AN INVISIBLE FIELD. REMARKS:

NUMBER OCCURRENCES: KEY/NONKEY: K TITLE: STEMMED DESCRIPTOR, SEVEN POSITIONS, OFFICIAL NAME TYPE: C LENGTH: 007 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: SAME PROCEDURE WHICH CREATES FIELD A1101.

EDIT RULES: CONSISTS OF SEVEN ASTERISKS.

RÉMARKS: THIS IS AN INVISIBLE FIELD. IT IS USED ONLY TO FLAG RECORDS FOR DESCRIPTORIZING. IT IS MACHINE GENERATED EACH TIME ANY TYPE OF ACTION IS INITIATED
AGAINST FIELD A1100.

NUMBER OCCURRENCES: ¥ V KEY/NONKEY: C LENGTH: 010 FIXED/VARIABLE: DATA ITEM CODE A1150

NUMBER OCCURRENCES: ¥ V KEY/NONKEY: TYPE: L LENGTH: 030 FIXED/VARIABLE: OFFICIAL NAME ABBREVIATION A1210

NUMBER OCCURRENCES: ¥ V KEY/NONKEY: TYPE: L LENGTH: 030 FIXED/VARIABLE: OFFICIAL NAME INITIALISM TITLE: A1220

EDIT RULES: THIS FIELD MAY CONTAIN SPECIAL CHARACTERS AND MAY BE LIMITED TO ONE POSITION WHEN USED TO FLAG RECORDS FOR INTERNAL LOGDESMAP MANAGEMENT PURPOSES. C LENGTH: 002 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES:

THIS FIELD MAY CONTAIN SPECIAL CHARACTERS AND BE LIMITED TO ONE POSITION WHEN USED TO FLAG RECORDS FOR INTERNAL LOGDESMAP MANAGEMENT PURPOSES. C LENGTH: 002 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: 001 EDIT RULES: TYPE:

## FIELD NAME

FITCE: CONDITION	TYPE: C LENGTH: 002 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: N NUMBER OCCURRENCES: 001	EDIT RULES: THIS FIELD MAY CONTAIN SPECIAL CHARACTERS AND BE LIMITED TO ONE POSITION	WHEN USED TO FLAG RECORDS FOR INTERNAL LOGDESMAP MANAGEMENT PURPOSES.	
TITLE: CL	TYPE: (	EDIT		
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CONTROL DESIGNATION	C LENGTH: 010 FIXED/VARIABLE: V KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES:
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		KOM FIELD A125
POSITIONS	K NUMBER	ENERATED FI
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<b>ES1</b> 6	_	11
STEMMED LOGDESMAP SYSTEM CONIROL DESIGNATION, FOUR POSITIONS	LENGTH: 004 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES:	THIS IS AN INVISIBLE FIELD. IT IS MACHINE GENERATED FROM FIELD A1251.
NED LOGDESMAP	ENGTH: 004	THIS IS AN
TLE: STEM	TYPE: C L	REMARKS:
A1254 TI		

	001	
	LENGTH: 005 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: 001	(S: THIS IS AN INVISIBLE FIELD. IT IS MACHINE GENERATED FROM FIELD A1251.
POSITIONS	K NUMBER	ENERATED FI
ATION, FIVE	EY/NONKEY:	S MACHINE GE
DESIGN	<u>ب</u>	I TI
STEMMED LOGDESMAP SYSTEM CONTROL DESIGNATION, FIVE POSITIONS	FIXED/VARIABLE	NVISIBLE FIELD
ED LOGDESMAP	ENGTH: 005	THIS IS AN I
ITLE: STEMM	TYPE: C LE	REMARKS
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	001	•
	OCCURRENCES:	ROM FIELD A1251
POSITIONS	K NUMBER	GENERATED F
ESIGNATION, SIX	F KEY/NONKEY:	17 1S MACHINE
STEMMED LOGDESMAP SYSTEM CONTROL DESIGNATION, SIX POSITIONS	LENGTH: 006 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: 001	KS: THIS IS AN INVISIBLE FIELD. IT IS MACHINE GENERATED FROM FIELD A1251.
MMED LOGDESMAP	LENGTH: 006	THIS IS AN
TITLE: STEN	TYPE: C	REMARKS
A1256		

	001	•
STEMMED LOGDESMAP SYSTEM CONTROL DESIGNATION, SEVEN POSITIONS	LENGTH: 007 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: 001	THIS IS AN INVISIBLE FIELD. IT IS MACHINE GENERATED FROM FIFLD A1251.
1 DE	<u>.:</u>	<u>.</u>
SYSTEM CONTRO	FIXED/VARIABL	NVISIBLE FIEL
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TITLE:	TYPE: C	<b>8</b>
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A1261

NUMBER OCCURRENCES: z KEY/NONKEY: FIXED/VARIABLE: V OTHER SYNONYMOUS NAMES/DESIGNATIONS TYPE: L LENGTH: 250 A1260

300 NUMBER OCCURRENCES: REMARKS: THIS FIELD IS MACHINE GENERATED FROM FIELD A1260. KEY/NONKEY: K DESCRIPTOR, OTHER SYNONYMOUS NAMES/DESIGNATIONS FIXED/VARIABLE: V TYPE: L LENGTH: 020

.E: STEMMED DESCRIPTOR, OTHER SYNONYMOUS NAMES/DESIGNATIONS, SIX POSITIONS

PPE: L LENGTH: 006 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: 300

REMARKS: THIS IS AN INVISIBLE FIELD, IT IS MACHINE GENERATED FROM FIELD A1261 BY THE SAME PROCEDURE WHICH CREATES FIELD A1261. TYPE: L LENGTH: 006

KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: STEMMED DESCRIPTOR, OTHER SYNONYMOUS NAMES/DESIGNATIONS, SEVEN POSITIONS C LENGTH: 007 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES CONSISTS OF SEVEN ASTERISKS. EDIT RULES: TYPE:

THIS IS AN INVISIBLE FIELD. IT IS USED ONLY TO FLAG RECORDS FOR DESCRIPTORIZING. IT IS MACHINE GENERATED EACH TIME ANY TYPE OF ACTION IS INITIATED AGAINST FIELD A1260.

C LENGTH: 001 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: 010 EDIT RULES: CODES ARE VALIDATED AGAINST ENTRIES IN LOGDRMS TABLE 38. TYPE OF REPORT REFERENCE NUMBER TYPE:

NUMBER OCCURRENCES: ¥ S LENGTH: 020 FIXED/VARIABLE: V KEY/NONKEY: PRODUCTS CONTROL/REPORT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER TYPE: TITLE:

NUMBER OCCURRENCES: **×** KEY/NONKEY: S LENGTH: 010 FIXED/VARIABLE: V CONTRACTOR INTERNAL CONTROL NUMBER TYPE: TITLE: A1272

NUMBER OCCURRENCES: ¥ KEY/NONKEY: > 020 FIXED/VARIABLE: S LENGTH: TITLE:

## FIELD NAME

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	LENGTH: 005 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES:	CODES ARE VALIDATED AGAINST ENTRIES IN LOGDRMS TABLE 40.
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TITLE: 1	TYPE:	EDIT
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TITLE: DEFINITION/	L LENGTH:	DESCRIPTOR,
TITLE:	TYPE:	TITLE:
A1300		A1301

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	KEY/NONKE)	ENTRIES IN
	3LE: F	AGAINST
	TYPE: C LENGTH: 002 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES:	VALIDATED /
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TITLE:	TYPE:	EDIT
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	CCURRENCES:	.60
	NUMBER (	MS TABLE
	KEY/NONKEY: K	NTRIES IN LOGDRI
TITLE: SUBJECT MATTER SCOPE	TYPE: C LENGTH: 003 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES:	EDIT RULES: CODES ARE VALIDATED AGAINST ENTRIES IN LOGDRMS TABLE 09.
A1420		

	ENCES:	
	JMBER OCCURR	TARIF 10.
	KEY: K N	IN LOGDRMS
	F KEY/NONI	T FNTRIES
TITLE: ORGANIZATIONAL SCOPE	• •	ENTERNIES: CODES ARE VALIDATED AGAINST ENTRIES IN LOGDRMS TABLE 10.
A1430		

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## FIELD NAME

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A1520	

NUMBER OCCURRENCES: C LENGTH: 006 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: K **VERSION DATE** TYPE: TITLE:

<u>6</u> KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: PE: C LENGTH: 001 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCU EDIT RULES: CODES ARE VALIDATED AGAINST ENTRIES IN LOGDRMS TABLE 02. TITLE: ASSIGNED RESPONSIBLE AGENCY TYPE:

**6**0 PE: C LENGTH: 002 FIXED/VARIABLE: V KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: EDIT RULES: CODES ARE VALIDATED AGAINST ENTRIES IN LOGDRMS TABLE 12. TITLE: STANDARDIZATION PROGRAM PROJECT DESIGNATION TYPE: A1620

**5**0 TITLE: STANDARDIZATION STATUS CATEGORY TYPE: C LENGTH: 001 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: EDIT RULES: CODES ARE VALIDATED AGAINST ENTRIES IN LOGDRMS TABLE 13. A1630

STANDARDIZATION SCOPE C LENGTH: 001 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: 020 EDIT RULES: CODES ARE VALIDATED AGAINST ENTRIES IN LOGDRMS TABLE 36. TYPE: TITLE:

PE: C LENGTH: 001 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: EDIT RULES: CODES ARE VALIDATED AGAINST ENTRIES IN LOGDRMS TABLE 41. CATEGORY OF STANDARD TITLE: TYPE: A1632

C LENGTH: 006 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: DATE OF LAST STANDARDIZATION ACTION TYPE:

TYPE OF ACTIVITY C LENGTH: 002 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: EDIT RULES: CODES ARE VALIDATED AGAINST ENTRIES IN LOGDRMS TABLE 42. TYPE:

TITLE:

A1631

### FIELD NAME

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TITLE: TYPE:	TITLE: TYPE:
A1650	A1660

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TITLE: PREPARING DEPARTMENT - ESTABLISHMENT COMPONENT	OCCURRENCES:	
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TITLE:	TYPE:	1
A1710		

EDIT RULES: CODES ARE VALIDATED AGAINST ENTRIES IN LOGDRMS TABLE 02.	TITLE: PREPARING COMPONENT ORGANIZATION TYPE: C LENGTH: 004 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: EDIT RULES: FIVE POSITION VALUES CONSISTING OF A1710 FOLLOWED BY A1720 ARE VALIDATED AGAINST ENTRIES IN LOGDRMS TABLE 04.
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A2020	

### FIELD NAME

PE: C LENGTH: 001 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: 001 EDIT RULES: CODES ARE VALIDATED AGAINST ENTRIES IN LOGDRMS TABLE 15. AUTHORIZED CODES ARE 'F' OR 'V'. RECORDING MODE TYPE: A2030

A2040 TITLE: JUSTIFICATION TYPE: C LENGTH: 001 FIXED/VARIABLE: F

A2051

KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: EDIT RULES: CODES ARE VALIDATED AGAINST ENTRIES IN LOGDRMS TABLE 16.

PE: C LENGTH: 001 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: EDIT RULES: CODES ARE VALIDATED AGAINST ENTRIES IN LOGDRMS TABLE 17. C LENGTH: 001 FIXED/VARIABLE: F TITLE: ALPHABETIC CHARACTER INDICATOR TYPE:

KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: TYPE: C LENGTH: 001 FIXED/VARIABLE: F TITLE: NUMERIC CHARACTER INDICATOR A2052

EDIT RULES: CODES ARE VALIDATED AGAINST ENTRIES IN LOGDRMS TABLE 18.

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KEY/NONKF7: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: EDIT RULES: CODES ARE VALIDATED AGAINST ENTRIES IN LOGDRMS TABLE 19. C LENGTH: 001 FIXED/VARIABLE: F ITLE: SPECIAL CHARACTER INDICATOR TYPE:

KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: EDIT RULES: CODES ARE VALIDATED AGAINST ENTRIES IN LOGDRMS TABLE 20. C LENGTH: 002 FIXED/VARIABLE: F TITLE: PRECISION TYPE:

KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: C LENGTH: 001 FIXED/WARIABLE: F TITLE: SIGNED VALUE INDICATOR TYPE:

EDIT RULES: CODES ARE VALIDATED AGAINST ENTRIES IN LOGDRMS TABLE 21.

A205

A2060

TITLE: ORGANIZATION OF STORAGE TYPE: C LENGTH: 001 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: N NUMBER OCCURRENCES: 001 EDIT RULES: CODES ARE VALIDATED AGAINST ENTRIES IN LOGDRMS TABLE 25.

A3020

# ATTRIBUTES (FIELDS) USED IN THE LOGISTICS DATA RESOURCE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (LOGDRMS)

### FIELD NAME

001	100	001	012	004	800	200	001
OCCURRENCES: 22.	OCCURRENCES: 23.	NUMBER OCCURRENCES:	NUMBER OCCURRENCES:	NUMBER OCCURRENCES:	NUMBER OCCURRENCES:	NUMBER OCCURRENCES:	N NUMBER OCCURRENCES: GDRMS TABLE 24.
NUMBER IS TABLE	NUMBER 15 TABLE	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER	NUMBER MS TABLI
SDR.	SOR.	Z	z	z	z	z	N OGDR
KEY/NONKEY: ENTRIES IN LO	KEY/NONKEY: ENTRIES IN LO	KEY/NONKEY:	KEY/NONKEY:	KEY/NONKEY:	KEY/NONKEY:	KEY/NONKEY:	KEY/NONKEY: N NUMBER OCCI ENTRIES IN LOGDRMS TABLE 24.
F IST 8	F IST (	>	>	>	>	>	V
TITLE: SCALE TYPE: C LENGTH: 002 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: EDIT RULES: CODES ARE VALIDATED AGAINST ENTRIES IN LOGDRMS TABLE 22.	TITLE: INTERNAL CODING STRUCTU TYPE: C LENGTH: 001 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: N NUMBER OCCURRENCES: EDIT RULES: CODES ARE VALIDATED AGAINST ENTRIES IN LOGDRMS TABLE 23.	FIXED/VARIABLE:	FIXED/VARIABLE:	FIXED/VARIABLE:	ATION ALGORITHM ENGTH: 050 FIXED/VARIABLE:	FIXED/VARIABLE:	CE TYPE LENGTH: 002 FIXED/VARIABLE: V ES: CODES ARE VALIDATED AGAINST
002 S AR	NG S 001 S AR	020	100	050	.GOR1 050	)R 050	002 ES AF
SCALE C LENGTH: F RULES: CODE	INTERNAL CODI C LENGTH: F RULES: CODE	TITLE: PICTURE TYPE: L LENGTH:	EDIT RULES L LENGTH:	TITLE: DEFAULT VALUES TYPE: L LENGTH: 050	DERIVATION ALGORITHM L LENGTH: 050 FI)	NULL INDICATOR L LENGTH: 050	TITLE: DEVICE TYPE TYPE: C LENGTH: EDIT RULES: CODI
TITLE: TYPE: EDI1	TITLE: TYPE: EDI1	TITLE: TYPE:	TITLE: EDIT TYPE: L L	TITLE: TYPE:	TITLE: DERIVA TYPE: L LE	TITLE: NULL 1 TYPE: L LE	TITLE: TYPE: EDI
A2080	A2090	A2100	A2200	A2300	A2400	A2500	A3010

### FIELD NAME

100
TITLE: ACCESS METHOD TYPE: C LENGTH: 001 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: N NUMBER OCCURRENCES: EDIT RULES: CODES ARE VALIDATED AGAINST ENTRIES IN LOGDRMS TABLE 26.
A3030

A3040	TITLE: TYPE:	ADDRESSING ALGORITHM L LENGTH: 050 FIX	THM FIXED/VARIABLE:	>	KEY/NONKEY:	z	TITLE: ADDRESSING ALGORITHM TYPE: L LENGTH: 050 FIXED/VARIABLE: V KEY/NONKEY: N NUMBER OCCURRENCES: 002	200	
A3050	TITLE: TYPE:	ACTIVITY ADDRESS C LENGTH: 006	FIXED/VARIABLE:	<b>LL.</b>	KEY/NONKEY:	z	TITLE: ACTIVITY ADDRESS TXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: N NUMBER OCCURRENCES: 001	100	

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KEY/NONKEY: N NUMBER OCCURRENCES:	LES: AUTHORIZED CODES CITED IN LOGDRMS TABLE 2/, NO MACHINE EDIT MADE.
_ ;	77
KEY/NONKEY	OGDRMS TABLE
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LENGTH: 006 FIXED/VARIABLE: F	ED CODES CITED
900	<b>HOR 12</b>
C LENGTH:	EDIT RULES: AUTI
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TITLE: BLOCK SIZE TYPE: Q LENGTH: 006 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: N NUMBER OCCURRENCES: 001	STORAGE PHYSICAL SEQUENCE
900	CAL
BLOCK SIZE Q LENGTH:	STORAGE PHYSI
TITLE: TYPE:	TITLE:
A3060	A3070

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LENGTH: 050 FIXED/VARIABLE: V RET/NUNRET: N NOMBER OCCURRENCES: CO.	DIRECTORY ALIAS L LENGTH: 050 FIXED/VARIABLE: V KEY/NONKEY: N NUMBER OCCURRENCES: 001
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: V KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: 0 UST WATCH A4200 ENTRY IN RECORD.
X X
V KEY/NONKEY: WATCH A4200 EN
: UST
TITLE: RELATIONSHIP EXCEPTION CONDITION TYPE: F LENGTH: 113 FIXED/VARIABLE: V KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCI
TITLE
A4100

TIONSHIP ATTRIBUTE (FIELD) DESIGNATOR LENGTH: 005 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: 030 1HIS FIELD IS MACHINE GENERATED FROM FIELD A4100. IT IS NEVER MAINTAINED	
TITLE: RELATIONSHIP ATTRIBUTE (FIELD) DESIGNATOR TYPE: C LENGTH: 005 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: 030 REMARKS: 1HIS FIELD IS MACHINE GENERATED FROM FIELD A4100. IT IS NEVER MAINTAINED	X CINCIPLONI
A4110	

### FIELD NAME

PE: C LENGTH: 006 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: 200 EDIT RULES: UNAUTHORIZED ENTRIES ARE PRECLUDED BY A SERIES OF CHECKS AND VALIDATION ACTIONS IN LOGDRMS PROGRAMS. MEMBERSHIP TITLE: A4200

PE: E LENGTH: 006 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: 025 EDIT RULES: UNAUTHORIZED ENTRIES ARE PRECLUDED BY A SERIES OF CHECKS AND VALIDATION ACTIONS IN LOGDRMS PROGRAMS. TITLE: INTERACTION

PE: E LENGTH: 008 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: 100 EDIT RULES: THE FIRST SIX POSITIONS MUST MATCH THE LAST SIX POSITIONS OF A 4200 ENTRY TITLE: MEMBERSHIP DISPLAY SEQUENCE CONTROL IN THE RECORD. TYPE:

A4400

001 NUMBER OCCURRENCES: z KEY/NONKEY: u Q LENGTH: 003 FIXED/VARIABLE: EXPECTED OCCURRENCES TYPE: TITLE: A5010

90 NUMBER OCCURRENCES: z KEY/NONKEY: ب Q LENGTH: 003 FIXED/VARIABLE: MAXIMUM OCCURRENCES TYPE: TITLE: A5020

NUMBER OCCURRENCES: z KEY/NONKEY: Ŀ FIXED/VARIABLE: Q LENGTH: 003 GROWTH FACTOR TYPE: TITLE: A5030

NUMBER OCCURRENCES: z KEY/NONKEY: FIXED/VARIABLE: F Q LENGTH: 004 FREQUENCY OF TYPE: TITLE: A5040

010 KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: EDIT RULES: CODES ARE VALIDATED AGAINST ENTRIES IN LOGDRMS TABLE 39. TITLE: FREQUENCY OF REQUIREMENT TYPE: C LENGTH: 001 FIXED/VARIABLE: F

### FIELD NAME

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TITLE: OVERFLOW TYPE: L LENGTH: 050 FIXED/VARIABLE: V KEY/NONKEY: N NUMBER OCCURRENCES: 004	TITLE: PRIORITY TYPE: C LENGTH: 001 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: N NUMBER OCCURRENCES: 001 EDIT RULES: CODES ARE VALIDATED AGAINST ENTRIES IN LOGDRMS TABLE 28.
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OVERFLOW L LENGTH:	PRIORITY C LENGTH: F RULES: COD
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TYPE: C LENGTH: 001 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBEK UCCUKKENCES: 1 EDIT RULES: CODES ARE VALIDATED AGAINST ENTRIES IN LOGDRMS TABLE 29.	TITLE: ACCESS TYPE TYPE: C LENGTH: 001 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: N NUMBER OCCURRENCES: 001 EDIT RULES: CODES ARE VALIDATED AGAINST ENTRIES IN LOGDRMS TABLE 30.
	A6030

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OCCURRENCES:
UMBER TABLE
SOURCE KEY/NONKEY: K I ENTRIES:IN LOGDRM
TITLE: DEPARTMENT - ESTABLISHMENT COMPONENT SOURCE TYPE: C LENGTH: 001 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: EDIT RULES: CODES ARE VALIDATED AGAINST ENTRIES IN LOGDRMS TABLE 02.
A6041

K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: 001 FOLLOWED BY A6042 ARE VALIDATED
TITLE: COMPONENT ORGANIZATION IDENTIFIER OF SOURCE TYPE: C LENGTH: 004 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: 001 TYPE: C LENGTH: 004 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: 001 EDIT RULES: FIVE POSITION VALUES CONSISTING OF A6041 FOLLOWED BY A6042 ARE VALIDATED AGAINST ENTRIES IN LOGDRMS TABLE 04.
A6042 TITLE: TYPE ED

### FIELD NAME

001 NUMBER OCCURRENCES: z KEY/NONKEY: > 030 FIXED/VARIABLE: DATA SOURCE CONTROL NUMBER DATA SOURCE TYPE C LENGTH: 001 S LENGTH: TYPE: TITLE: TITLE:

FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: N NUMBER OCCURRENCES: EDIT RULES: CODES ARE VALIDATED AGAINST ENTRIES IN LOGDRMS TABLE 31. TYPE:

001

001 TITLE: DEPARTMENT - ESTABLISHMENT COMPONENT WITH UPDATE RESPONSIBILITY
TYPE: C LENGTH: 001 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: EDIT RULES: CODES ARE VALIDATED AGAINST ENTRIES IN LOGDRMS TABLE 02.

EDIT RULES: FIVE POSITION VALUES CONSISTING OF AGOS1 FOLLOWED BY AGOS2 ARE VALIDATED NUMBER OCCURRENCES: TYPE: C LENGTH: 004 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: TITLE: COMPONENT ORGANIZATION WITH UPDATE RESPONSIBILITY AGAINST ENTRIES IN LOGDRMS TABLE 04.

TITLE: DEPARTMENT - ESTABLISHMENT COMPONENT WITH DEFINITION RESPONSIBILITY TYPE: C LENGTH: 001 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: EDIT RULES: CODES ARE VALIDATED AGAINST ENTRIES IN LOGDRMS TABLE 02. A6061

YPE: C LENGTH: 004 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: 001 EDIT RULES: FIVE POSITION VALUES CONSISTING OF AGO61 FOLLOWED BY AGO62 ARE VALIDATED TITLE: COMPONENT ORGANIZATION WITH DEFINITION RESPONSIBILITY AGAINST ENTRIES IN LOGDRMS TABLE 04. TYPE: A6062

NUMBER OCCURRENCES: z FIXED/VARIABLE: V KEY/NONKEY: L LENGTH: 050 TITLE: ACCESS AUTHORITY A6070

KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: EDIT RULES: CODES ARE VALIDATED AGAINST ENTRIES IN LOGDRMS TABLE 32. C LENGTH: 001 FIXED/VARIABLE: F TITLE: SPECIAL HANDLING TYPE:

### FIELD NAME

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	J/VARIABLE:	T RULES: CODES ARE VALIDATED AGAINST ENTRIES IN LOGDRMS TABLE 33.
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A6130		

ES: 001	ES: 001	ES: 002
TYPE: C LENGTH: 001 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: 001 EDIT RULES: CODES ARE VALIDATED AGAINST ENTRIES IN LOGDRMS TABLE 33.	TITLE: FREEDOM OF INFORMATION CONSIDERATIONS TYPE: C LENGTH: 001 FIXED/VARIABLE: F KEY/NONKEY: K NUMBER OCCURRENCES: 001 EDIT RULES: CODES ARE VALIDATED AGAINST ENTRIES IN LOGDRMS TABLE 34.	TITLE: VALIBITY TYPE: L LENGTH: 050 FIXED/VARIABLE: V KEY/NONKEY: N NUMBER OCCURRENCES: 002
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A7040	TITLE: TYPE:	PROPAGATION SET L LENGTH: 05	SET 050	FIXED/VARIABLE:	>	KEY/NONKEY:	Z	NUMBER	NUMBER OCCURRENCES:	002
A7050	TITLE: TYPE:	COMPLETENESS L LENGTH:	020	FIXED/VARIABLE:	>	KEY/NONKEY:	z	NUMBER	NUMBER OCCURRENCES:	002
A7060	TITLE: TYPE:	RELIABILITY L LENGTH:	020	FIXED/VARIABLE:	>	KEY/NONKEY:	z	NUMBER	NUMBER OCCURRENCES:	002
A7070	TITLE: TYPE:	RECOVERY L LENGTH:	020	FIXED/VARIABLE:	>	KEY/NONKEY:	z	NUMBER	NUMBER OCCURRENCES:	000
A7080	TITLE: TYPE:	RETENTION L LENGTH:	020	FIXED/VARIABLE:	>	KEY/NONKEY:	z	NUMBER	NUMBER OCCURRENCES:	002
A8110	TITLE: TYPE:		DES16 010	DEVELOPMENT/DESIGN COST Q LENGTH: 010 FIXED/VARIABLE:	>	KEY/NONKEY:	z	NUMBER	NUMBER OCCURRENCES:	001
A8120	TITLE: TYPE:	PRODUCTION COST Q LENGTH: 010	0ST 010	FIXED/VARIABLE:	>	KEY/NONKEY:	z	NUMBER	OCCURRENCES:	001
A8130	TITLE: TYPE:	PURCHASE COST Q LENGTH: 010	.T 010	FIXED/VARIABLE:	>	KEY/NONKEY:	z	NUMBER	NUMBER OCCURRENCES:	001
A8140	TITLE: TYPE:		N COS 010	REUTILIZATION COST Q LENGTH: 010 FIXED/VARIABLE:	>	KEY/NONKEY:	z	NUMBER	NUMBER OCCURRENCES:	001
A8150	TITLE: TYPE:		T (AC 010	OVERHEAD COST (ACQUISITION) Q LENGTH: 010 FIXED/VARIABLE:	>	KEY/NONYEY:	z	NUMBER	OCCURRENCES:	001
A8160	TITLE: TYPE:	TOTAL ACQUISITION COST Q LENGTH: 010 FIXE	1710N 010	COST FIXED/VARIABLE:	>	KEY/NONKEY:	z	NUMBER	NUMBER OCCURRENCES:	001

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